## FUJITSU SEMICONDUCTOR DATA SHEET

## 16-bit Proprietary Microcontroller

## CMOS

## F²MC-16F MB90242A Series

## MB90242A

## - DESCRIPTION

The MB90242A is a 16-bit microcontroller optimized for "mechatronics" control applications such as hard disk drive unit control.

The instruction set is based on the AT architecture of the $\mathrm{F}^{2} \mathrm{MC}^{*}-16,16 \mathrm{H}$ family, with additional high-level language supporting instruction, expanded addressing modes, enhanced multiplication and division instructions, and improved bit processing instructions. In addition, long-word data can now be processed due to the inclusion of a 32-bit accumulator.

The MB90242A has a multiply/accumulate unit as a peripheral resource, allowing easy realization of digital filters such as IIR or FIR. The MB90242A has abundant embedded peripheral features, such as 6 -channel 8/ 10 -bit A/D converter, UART, 2 -channel + 1-channel timer, 4 -channel input capture and 4-channel external interrupt.
*1: F²MC stands for FUJITSU Flexible Microcontroller.

## FEATURES

- F²MC-16F CPU

Minimum execution time: 62.5 ns ( 32 MHz oscillation: $5.0 \mathrm{~V} \pm 10 \%$ )
Instruction set optimized for controller applications
Improved instruction set applicable to high-level language (C) and multitasking
Improved execution speed: 8-byte queue
Powerful interrupt fuctions (interrupt processing time: $1.0 \mu \mathrm{~s} 32 \mathrm{MHz}$ oscillation)
Automatic transfer function independent of instructions
Extended intelligent I/O Service
(Continued)
PACKAGE

(FPT-80P-M05)

## MB90242A Series

## (Continued)

- DSP unit

Specific function for calculations of IIR
A maximum of 8 product resulted from signed 16 -bit $\times 16$-bit multiplications can be accumulated.
$Y_{k}=\sum_{n=0}^{N} b_{n} Y_{k-n}+\sum_{m=0}^{M} a_{m} X_{k-m}$ is executed in $0.625 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ (at oscillation of $32 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{N}=\mathrm{M}=3$ )
The $N$ and $M$ value is set to a maximum of 3 , independently.

- Internal RAM: 2 Kbytes (MB90242A)

Depending on mode settings, data stored on RAM can be executed as CPU instructions.

- General-purpose ports: max. 38 channels
- A/D converter (analog inputs: 6 channels)

Resolution: 10 bits
Conversion time: min. $1.25 \mu \mathrm{~s}$
Switchable to $8 / 10$ bits
Number of registers for storing conversion results: 4

- 8-bit UART: 1 channel
- 8/16-bit I/O simple serial interface ( 8 Mbps max.): 2 channels
- 16 -bit free-run timer: Operating clock cycle $0.25 \mu \mathrm{~s}$
- 16-bit input capture: 4 channels

Activated by selected edges

- 16-bit reload timer: 2 channels
- External interrupts: 4 channels
- Timebase timer: 18 bits
- Watchdog timer
- Clock gear function
- Low-power consumption modes Sleep mode
Stop mode
Hardware standby mode
- Packages: LQFP-80
- CMOS $0.8 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ technology


## PRODUCT LINEUP

| Parameter | Part number |
| :--- | :---: |
| Classification | MB90242A |
| CPU | Mass production device |
| DSP unit | F$^{2}$ MC-16F CPU core |
| Internal RAM* | Built-in |
| General-purpose ports | 2 Kbytes |
| A/D converter | Max. 38 channels |
| D/A converter | None |
| UART | 10-bit resolution, analog inputs: 6 channels |
| 8/16-bit serial I/O | 8its: 1 channel |
| 16-bit free-run timer | Transfer direction switching function available 1 chanel |
| 16-bit input capture | Built-in |
| 16-bit reload timer | 4 channels |
| External interrupts | 2 channels |
| Timebase timer | 4 channels |
| Watchdog timer | Built-in |
| Clock gear function | Built-in |
| Package | Built-in |

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## MB90242A Series

- PIN DESCRIPTION

| Pin no. | Pin name | Circuit type | Function |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LQFP* |  |  |  |
| 1 to 8 | P20 to P27 | F | These pins cannot be used as general-purpose ports. |
|  | A00 to A07 |  | Output pins for the lower 8 bits of the external address bus |
| 10 to 17 | P30 to P37 | F | These pins cannot be used as general-purpose ports. |
|  | A08 to A15 |  | Output pins for the middle 8 bits of the external address bus |
| 18 | P40 | F | General-purpose I/O port <br> This function is available when corresponding bit of the upper address control register specifies port. |
|  | A16 |  | External address bus output pin bit 16 <br> This function is available when corresponding bit of the upper address control register specifies address. |
| 19 | P41 | F | General-purpose I/O port <br> This function is available when corresponding bit of the upper address control register specifies port. |
|  | A17 |  | External address bus output pin bit 17 <br> This function is available when corresponding bit of the upper address control register specifies address. |
| 20 | P42 | F | General-purpose I/O port <br> This function is available when corresponding bit of the upper address control register specifies port. |
|  | A18 |  | External address bus output pin bit 18 <br> This function is available when corresponding bit of the upper address control register specifies address. |
|  | SID0 |  | UART \#0 data input pin <br> This pin, as required, is used for input during UART \#0 input operation, and it is necessary to disable input/output for other functions from this pin unless such input/output is made intentionally. |
| 21 | P43 | F | General-purpose I/O port <br> This function is available when data output of UART \#0 is disabled and corresponding bit of the upper address control register specifies port. |
|  | A19 |  | External address bus output pin bit 19 <br> This function is available when data output of UART \#0 is disabled and corresponding bit of the upper address control register specifies address. |
|  | SOD0 |  | UART \#0 data output pin <br> This function is available when data output of UART \#0 is enabled. |


| Pin no. LQFP* | Pin name | Circuit type | Function |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 22 | P44 | F | General-purpose I/O port This function is available when clock output of UART \#0 and SSI \#2 are disabled and corresponding bit of the upper address control register specifies port. |
|  | A20 |  | External address bus output pin bit 20 <br> This function is available when clock output of UART \#0 is disabled and corresponding bit of the upper address control register specifies address. |
|  | SCK0 |  | UART \#0 clock input pin <br> This function is available when the UART \#0 clock output is enabled. |
| 23 | P45 | F | General-purpose I/O port <br> This function is available when data output of SSI \#2 is disabled and corresponding bit of the upper address control register specifies port. |
|  | A21 |  | External address bus output pin bit 21 <br> This function is available when data output of SSI \#2 is disabled and corresponding bit of the upper address control register specifies address. |
|  | ASR0 |  | Input capature \#0 data input pin <br> This pin, as required, is used for input during input capture \#0 input operation, and it is necessary to disable input/output for other functions from this pin unless such input/output is made intentionally. |
|  | TIN0 |  | 16-bit timer \#0 data input pin <br> This pin, as required, is used for input during 16-bit timer \#0 input operation, and it is necessary to disable input/output for other functions from this pin unless such input/output is made intentionally. |
| 24 | P46 | F | General-purpose I/O port <br> This function is available when corresponding bit of the upper address control register specifies port. |
|  | A22 |  | External address bus output pin bit 22 <br> This function is available when corresponding bit of the upper address control register specifies address. |
|  | ASR1 |  | Input capature \#1 data input pin <br> This pin, as required, is used for input during input capture \#1 input operation, and it is necessary to disable input/output for other functions from this pin unless such input/output is made intentionally. |
|  | TIN1 |  | 16-bit timer \#1 data input pin This pin, as required, is used for input during 16-bit timer \#1 input operation, and it is necessary to disable input/output for other functions from this pin unless such input/output is made intentionally. |

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| Pin no. | Pin name | Circuit type | Function |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 25 | P47 | F | General-purpose I/O port <br> This function is available when corresponding bit of the upper address control register specifies port. |
|  | A23 |  | External address bus output pin bit 23 This function is available when corresponding bit of the upper address control register specifies address. |
|  | ASR2 |  | Input capature \#2 data input pin This pin, as required, is used for input during input capture \#2 input operation, and it is necessary to disable input/output for other functions from this pin unless such input/output is made intentionally. |
| 26 | AVcc | Power supply | Analog circuit power supply pin This power supply must only be turned on or off when electric potential of AV cc or greater is applied to V cc. |
| 27 | AVRH | Power supply | A/D converter external reference voltage input pin This pin must only be trendy on or off when electric potential of AVRH or greater is applied to AVcc . |
| 28 | AVRL | Power supply | A/D converter external reference voltage input pin |
| 29 | AVss | Power supply | Analog circuit power supply (GND) pin |
| 30,31 | P60, P61 | H | N-ch open-drain I/O ports <br> When corresponding bit of the ADER are set to " 0 ," reading data register with an instruction other than read-modify-write group instructions reads the level on these pins, while data written on the data register is output on these pins directly. |
|  | AN0, AN1 |  | A/D converter analog input pins Set corresponding bit of the ADER to "1," and corresponding bit of the data register to "1." |
| 33, 34 | P62, P63 | H | N-ch open-drain I/O ports <br> When corresponding bit of the ADER are set to " 0 ," reading data register with an instruction other than read-modify-write group instructions reads the level on these pins, while data written on the data register is output on these pins directly. |
|  | AN2, AN3 |  | A/D converter analog input pins <br> Set corresponding bit of the ADER to "1," and corresponding bit of the data register to "1." |
| 35, 36 | P66, P67 | H | N-ch open-drain I/O ports <br> When corresponding bit of the ADER are set to " 0 ," reading data register with an instruction other than read-modify-write group instructions reads the level on these pins, while data written on the data register is output on these pins directly. |
|  | AN6, AN7 |  | A/D converter analog input pins Set corresponding bit of the ADER to "1," and corresponding bit of the data register to "1." |
| 37, 38 | OPEN | - | Open pins <br> No internal connections are made. |


| Pin no. LQFP* | Pin name | Circuit type | Function |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 39 to 41 | MD0 to MD2 | C | Operating mode selection input pins Connect directly to Vcc or Vss. |
| 42 | $\overline{\text { HST }}$ | D | Hardware standby input pin |
| 43, 44 | P70, P71 | F | General-purpose I/O ports This function is available when neither output of 16-bit timer \#0 nor \#1 is enabled. |
|  | TOT0, TOT1 |  | 16-bit timer output pins <br> This function is available when outputs of both 16-bit timer \#0 and \#1 are enabled. |
| 45 | P72 | F | General-purpose I/O port |
| 46 | P73 | F | General-purpose I/O port <br> This function is available when clock output of SSI \#1 is disabled. |
|  | SCK1 |  | SSI \#1 clock I/O pin |
| 47 | P74 | F | General-purpose I/O port This function is always valid. |
|  | SID1 |  | SSI \#1 data input pin <br> This pin, as required, is used for input during SSI \#1 input operation, and it is necessary to disable input/output for other functions from this pin unless such input/output is made intentionally. |
| 48 | P75 | F | General-purpose I/O port <br> This function is available when data output of SSI \#1 is disabled. |
|  | SOD1 |  | SSI \#1 data output pin <br> This function is available when data output of SSI \#1 is enabled. |
| 49, 50 | P80, P81 | G | General-purpose I/O ports This function is always valid. |
|  | INT0, INT1 |  | External interrupt input pins <br> These pins, as required, are used for input while external interrupt is enabled, and it is necessary to disable input/output for other functions from these pins unless such input/output is made intentionally. |
| 51 | P82 | F | General-purpose I/O port This function is always valid. |
|  | INT2 |  | External interrupt input pin <br> This pin, as required, is used for input while external interrupt is enabled, and it is necessary to disable input/output for other functions from this pin unless such input/output is made intentionally. <br> This pin is clamped to "LOW" level when CPU is in the "STOP" status. Use INT0 or INT1 to resume operation. |
|  | $\overline{\text { ATG }}$ |  | A/D converter activation trigger input pin <br> This pin, as required, is used for input while A/D converter is waiting for activation, and it is necessary to disable input/output for other functions from this pin unless such input/output is made intentionally. |

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| Pin no. LQFP* | Pin name | Circuit type | Function |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 52 | P50 | F | General-purpose I/O port This function is available when CLK output is disabled. |
|  | CLK |  | CLK output pin This function is available when CLK output is enabled. |
| 53 | P51 | E | General-purpose I/O port This function is available when ready function is disabled. |
|  | RDY |  | Ready input pin <br> This function is available when ready function is enabled. |
| 54 | P52 | E | General-purpose I/O port This function is available when hold function is disabled. |
|  | $\overline{\text { HAK }}$ |  | Hold acknowledge output pin This function is available when hold function is enabled. |
| 55 | P53 | E | General-purpose I/O port This function is available when hold function is disabled. |
|  | HRQ |  | Hold request input pin This function is available when hold function is enabled. |
| 56 | P54 | F | General-purpose I/O port <br> This function is available when the external bus 8 -bit mode is selected or WRH pin output is disabled. |
|  | $\overline{\text { WRH }}$ |  | Write strobe output pin for the upper eight bits of the data bus This function is available when the external bus 16 -bit mode is selected and WRH pin output is enabled. |
| 57 | P55 | F | General-purpose I/O port <br> This function is available when WRL pin output is disabled. |
|  | $\overline{\text { WRL }}$ |  | Write strobe output pin for the lower eight bits of the data bus This function is available when WRL pin output is enabled. |
| 58 | P56 | F | This pin cannot be used as a general-purpose port. |
|  | $\overline{\mathrm{RD}}$ |  | Read strobe output pin for the data bus |
| 59 | P57 | F | General-purpose I/O port |
|  | ASR3 |  | Input capture \#3 data input pin <br> This pin, as required, is used for input during input capture \#3 input operation, and it is necessary to disable input/output for other functions from this pin unless such input/output is made intentionally. |
|  | INT3 |  | External interrupt \#3 data input pin This pin, as required, is used for input during external interrupt \#3 input operation, and it is necessary to disable input/output for other functions from this pin unless such input/output is made intentionally. |
| 60 | $\overline{\text { RST }}$ | B | External reset request input pin |
| 62, 63 | X0, X1 | A | Crystal oscillator pins ( 32 MHz ) |

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## MB90242A Series

(Continued)

| Pin no. | Pin name | Circuit type | Function |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 64 | V cc | Power supply | Digital circuit power supply pin |
| 9, 32, 61 | Vss | Power supply | Digital circuit power supply (GND) pins |
| 65 to 72 | P00 to P07 | E | These pins cannot be used as general-purpose ports. |
|  | D00 to D07 |  | I/O pins for the lower 8 bits of the external data bus |
| 73 to 80 | P10 to P17 | E | General-purpose I/O ports <br> This function is available when the external bus 8 -bit mode is selected. |
|  | D08 to D15 |  | I/O pins for the upper 8 bits of the external data bus This function is available when the 16 -bit bus mode is selected. |

[^2]
## I/O CIRCUIT TYPE

| Type | Circuit | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A |  | - 32 MHz <br> - Oscillation feedback resistor: approx. $1 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ |
| B |  | - CMOS-level hysteresis input (without standby control) Pull-up resistor: approx. $50 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ |
| C |  | - CMOS-level input (without standby control) |
| D |  | - CMOS-level hysteresis input (without standby control) |

(Continued)

| Type | Circuit | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| E | Standby control signal | - CMOS-level output <br> - TTL-Level input (with standby control) |
| F | Standby control signal | - CMOS-level input CMOS-level hysteresis input (with standby control) |
| G | Standby $\cap$ interrupt disabled | - CMOS-level output CMOS-level hysteresis input Standby control (when interrupt disabled) available |
| H |  | - N-ch open-drain CMOS-level output CMOS-level hysteresis input Analog input (with analog input control) |

(Continued)
(Continued)

| Type | Circuit | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| I |  | CMOS-level input <br> Analog input <br> CMOS-level hysteresis input <br> (with standby control) |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| Standby control signal |  |  |

## MB90242A Series

## HANDLING DEVICES

## 1. Preventing Latchup

Latchup may occur on CMOS ICs if voltage higher than $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{cc}}$ or lower than $\mathrm{V}_{\text {ss }}$ is applied to the input or output pins other than medium-and high voltage pins or if higher than the voltage is applied between $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{cc}}$ and $\mathrm{V} s \mathrm{~s}$.

When latchup occurs, power supply current increases rapidly might thermally damage elements. When using, take great care not to exceed the absolute maximum ratings.
In addition, for the same reasons take care to prevent the analog power supply from exceeding the digital power supply.

## 2. Treatment of Unused Pins

Leaving unused input pins open could cause malfunctions. They should be connected to a pull-up or pull-down resistors.

## 3. Precautions when Using an External Clock

When an external clock is used, drive X0 only and X1 should be left open.

## - Using an External Clock



## 4. Power Supply Pins

When there are several $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{cc}}$ and $\mathrm{V}_{\text {ss }}$ pins, those pins that should have the same electric potential are connected within the device when the device is designed in order to prevent misoperation, such as latchup. However, all of those pins must be connected to the power supply and ground externally in order to reduce unnecessary emissions, prevent misoperation of strobe signals due to an increase in the ground level, and to observe the total output current standards.
In addition, give a due consideration to the connection in that current supply be connected to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{cc}}$ and $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{ss}}$ with the lowest possible impedance.

Finally, it is recommended to connect a capacitor of about $0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ between $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{cc}}$ and $\mathrm{V}_{\text {ss }}$ near this device as a bypass capacitor.

## MB90242A Series

## 5. Crystal Oscillation Circuit

Noise in the vicinity of the X0 and X1 pins will cause this device to operate incorrectly. Design the printed circuit board so that the bypass capacitor connecting X0, X1 and the crystal oscillator (or ceramic oscillator) to ground is located as close to the device as possible.
In addition, because printed circuit board artwork in which the area around the X 0 and X 1 pins is surrounded by ground provides stable operation, such an arrangement is strongly recommended.

## 6. CLK Pin



* : In the external bus mode, the P50/CLK pin is initially configured as a CLK output pin.


## 7. Cautions in Applying Power Supply

Hold the HST pin to the "H" level when applying power supply.
When the RST pin is in the "L" level, do not hold the HST pin to "L" level.

## MB90242A Series

## BLOCK DIAGRAM



## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

## 1. Absolute Maximum Ratings

| Parameter | Symbol |  |  | $(\mathrm{V}$ ss $=\mathrm{AV}$ ss $=0.0 \mathrm{~V}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Value |  | Unit | Remarks |
|  |  | Min. | Max. |  |  |
| Power supply voltage | V cc | Vss-0.3 | Vss +7.0 | V |  |
|  | AV ${ }_{\text {cc }}$ | Vcc-0.3 | Vcc +7.0 | V |  |
| Input voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{1}{ }^{*}$ | Vss-0.3 | $\mathrm{Vcc}+0.3$ | V |  |
| Output voltage | Vo* | Vss-0.3 | $\mathrm{Vcc}+0.3$ | V |  |
| "L" level output current | loL | - | 10 | mA |  |
| "L" level average output current | lolav | - | 4 | mA |  |
| "L" level total average output current | Elolav | - | 50 | mA |  |
| "H" level output current | Іон | - | -10 | mA |  |
| "H" level average output current | lohav | - | -4 | mA |  |
| " H " level total average output current | Elohav | - | -48 | mA |  |
| Power consumption | PD | - | 600 | mW |  |
| Operating temperature | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}$ | -30 | +70 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |
| Storage temperature | Tstg | -55 | +150 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |

* $: V_{1}$ and $V_{o}$ must not exceed $\mathrm{V} c \mathrm{c}+0.3 \mathrm{~V}$.

WARNING: Semiconductor devices can be permanently damaged by application of stress (voltage, current, temperature, etc.) in excess of absolute maximum ratings. Do not exceed these ratings.

## 2. Recommended Operating Conditions

| Parameter | Symbol | Value |  | Unit | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Min. | Max. |  |  |
| Power supply voltage | Vcc | 4.5 | 5.5 | V |  |
|  |  | 2.0 | 5.5 | V | For retaining RAM data in the stop mode |
| Operating temperature | TA | -30 | +70 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | External bus mode |

WARNING: Recommended operating conditions are normal operating ranges for the semiconductor device. All the device's electrical characteristics are warranted when operated within these ranges.
Always use semiconductor devices within the recommended operating conditions. Operation outside these ranges may adversely affect reliability and could result in device failure.
No warranty is made with respect to uses, operating conditions, or combinations not represented on the data sheet. Users considering application outside the listed conditions are advised to contact their FUJITSU representative beforehand.

## MB90242A Series

## 3. DC Characteristics

| Parameter | Symbol | Pin name | Condition | Value |  |  | Unit | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Min. | Typ. | Max. |  |  |
| " H " level input voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {H+1 }}$ | - | - | 0.7 Vcc | - | Vcc +0.3 | V | CMOS input |
|  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathbf{H} 2}$ | - | - | 2.2 | - | $V_{c c}+0.3$ | V | TTL input |
|  | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IHIS }}$ | - | - | 0.8 Vcc | - | $\mathrm{Vcc}+0.3$ | V | Hysteresis input |
|  | Vıнм | MD0 to MD2 | - | $\mathrm{Vcc}-0.3$ | - | Vcc +0.3 | V |  |
| "L" level input voltage | VL1 | - | - | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {ss }}-0.3$ | - | 0.3 Vcc | V | CMOS input |
|  | VLL2 | - | - | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {ss }}-0.3$ | - | 0.8 | V | TTL input |
|  | VILIS | - | - | Vss 0.3 | - | 0.2 Vcc | V | Hysteresis input |
|  | VILM | MD0 to MD2 | - | Vss -0.3 | - | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {ss }}+0.3$ | V |  |
| "H" level output voltage | Vor | All ports except P60 to P63, P66, P67 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V} \mathrm{cc}=4.5 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \mathrm{loH}=-4.0 \mathrm{~mA} \end{aligned}$ | Vcc-0.5 | - | - | V |  |
| "L" level output voltage | Vol | All ports | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V} \mathrm{cc}=4.5 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \mathrm{loL}=4.0 \mathrm{~mA} \end{aligned}$ | - | - | 0.4 | V |  |
| "H" level input current | І $1+1$ | Except $\overline{\text { RST }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & V_{c c}=5.5 \mathrm{~V} \\ & V_{H}=0.7 \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{cc}} \end{aligned}$ | - | - | -10 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ | CMOS input |
|  | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathbf{+} \mathbf{2}}$ | - | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{cC}}=5.5 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{H}}=2.2 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | - | - | -10 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ | TTL input |
|  | Інз | - | $\begin{aligned} & V_{C C}=5.5 \mathrm{~V} \\ & V_{H H}=0.8 \mathrm{VcC} \end{aligned}$ | - | - | -10 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ | Hysteresis input |
| "L" level input current | ILI | Except RST | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{cc}}=5.5 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{IL}}=0.3 \mathrm{Vcc} \end{aligned}$ | - | - | 10 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ | CMOS input |
|  | ILı2 | - | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{cc}}=5.5 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{IL}}=0.8 \mathrm{Vcc} \end{aligned}$ | - | - | 10 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ | TTL input |
|  | ILı | - | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{cc}}=5.5 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{IL}}=0.2 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{CC} \end{aligned}$ | - | - | 10 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ | Hysteresis input |
| Pull-up resistor | Rpull | $\overline{\mathrm{RST}}$ | $\mathrm{V} \mathrm{cc}=5.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | 22 | - | 110 | $\mathrm{k} \Omega$ |  |
| Power supply current | Icc | V cc | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{cc}}=5.0 \mathrm{~V} \pm 10 \% \\ & \mathrm{~F}_{\mathrm{c}}=32 \mathrm{MHz} \end{aligned}$ | - | 80 | 100 | mA | In operation mode |
|  | Iccs | V cc | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Vcc}=5.0 \mathrm{~V} \pm 10 \% \\ & \mathrm{Fc}=32 \mathrm{MHz} \\ & \text { In sleep mode } \end{aligned}$ | - | 30 | 50 | mA |  |
|  | Icch | Vcc | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{cc}}=5.0 \mathrm{~V} \pm 10 \% \\ & \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & \text { In stop mode } \end{aligned}$ | - | 0.1 | 10 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |  |
| Input capacitance | Cin | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Except Vcc, } \\ & \text { Vss } \end{aligned}$ | - | - | 10 | - | pF |  |
| Open-drain output leakage current | Ileak | $\begin{aligned} & \text { P60 to P63, } \\ & \text { P66, P67 } \end{aligned}$ | - | - | 0.1 | 10 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |  |

## 4. AC Characteristics

(1) Clock Timing

| Parameter | Symbol | Pin name | Condition | Value |  | Unit | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Min. | Max. |  |  |
| Clock frequency | Fc | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathrm{X0} \\ & \mathrm{X} 1 \end{aligned}$ | - | - | 32 | MHz |  |
| Clock cycle time | tc | $\begin{aligned} & \text { X0 } \\ & \text { X1 } \end{aligned}$ | - | 1/Fc | - | ns |  |
| Input clock pulse width | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Pwh } \\ & \text { PwL } \end{aligned}$ | X0 | - | 10 | - | ns |  |
| Input clock rising/ falling time | $\begin{aligned} & \text { tcr } \\ & \text { tcF } \end{aligned}$ | X0 | - | - | 8 | ns |  |

- Clock Timing

- Relationship between Clock Frequency and Supply Voltage



## MB90242A Series

## (2) Clock Output Timing

| Parameter | Symbol | Pin name | Condition | Value |  | Unit | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Min. | Max. |  |  |
| Machine cycle time | tovc | CLK | - | tc $\times 2$ | - | ns |  |
| CLK $\uparrow \rightarrow$ CLK $\downarrow$ | tchcl | CLK | - | tcyc/2-20 | tcyc/2 | ns |  |


(3) Reset and Hardware Standby Input

| Parameter | Symbol | Pin name | Condition | Value |  | Unit | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Min. | Max. |  |  |
| Reset input time | trstL | $\overline{\mathrm{RST}}$ | - | tcyc $\times 5$ | - | ns |  |
| Hardware standby input time | thstL | HST | - | tcyc $\times 5$ | - | ns |  |

Note: The machine cycle time (tcrc) at hardware standby is set to $1 / 32$ divided oscillation.


## (4) Power-on Reset

$\left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{cc}}=5.0 \mathrm{~V} \pm 10 \%, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{ss}}=0.0 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=-30^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$ to $\left.+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$

| Parameter | Symbol | Pin name | Condition | Value |  | Unit | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Min. | Max. |  |  |
| Power supply rising time | ts | Vcc | - | - | 30 | ms | Vcc must be lower than 0.2 V before power is applied. |
| Power supply cut-off time | toff | Vcc | - | 1 | - | ms |  |

Note: The above standards are the values needed in order to activate a power-on reset.


## MB90242A Series

## (5) Bus Read Timing

| Parameter | Symbol | Pin name | Condition | Value |  | Unit | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Min. | Max. |  |  |
| Address cycle time | tacyc | Address | - | 2 tcrc - 10 | - | ns |  |
| Valid address $\rightarrow \overline{\mathrm{RD}} \downarrow$ time | tavRL | Address | - | tcyc/2-15 | - | ns |  |
| $\overline{\mathrm{RD}}$ pulse width | tRLRH | RD | - | tovc - 25 | - | ns |  |
| $\overline{\mathrm{RD}} \downarrow \rightarrow$ Valid data input | trlov | D00 to D15 | - | - | tcrel - 30 | ns |  |
| RD $\uparrow \rightarrow$ data hold time | trhox |  | - | 0 | - | ns |  |
| Valid address $\rightarrow$ Valid data input | tavdv |  | - | - | 3 tovc/2-40 | ns |  |
| $\overline{\mathrm{RD}} \uparrow \rightarrow$ Address valid time | trhax | Address | - | tcyc/2-20 | - | ns |  |
| Valid address $\rightarrow$ CLK $\uparrow$ time | tavch | Address CLK | - | tcyc/2-25 | - | ns |  |
| $\overline{\mathrm{RD}} \downarrow \rightarrow$ CLK $\downarrow$ time | trıCL | RD, CLK | - | tcrc/2-25 | - | ns |  |


(6) Bus Write Timing
$\left(\mathrm{V} \mathrm{Cc}=5.0 \mathrm{~V} \pm 10 \%, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{ss}}=0.0 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=-30^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$ to $\left.+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$

| Parameter | Symbol | Pin name | Condition | Value |  | Unit | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Min. | Max. |  |  |
| Valid address $\rightarrow \overline{\mathrm{WR}} \downarrow$ time | tavwL | Address | - | tcre/2-15 | - | ns |  |
| WR pulse width | twlwh | WRL, WRH | - | tcyc - 25 | - | ns |  |
| Write data $\rightarrow$ WR $\uparrow$ time | tovwh | D00 to D15 | - | tove - 40 | - | ns |  |
| $\overline{\mathrm{WR}} \uparrow \rightarrow$ Data hold time | twhox | D00 to D15 | - | tcrc/2-15 | - | ns |  |
| $\overline{\text { WR }} \uparrow \rightarrow$ Address invalid time | twhax | Address | - | tcre/2-15 | - | ns |  |
| $\overline{\text { WR }} \downarrow \rightarrow$ CLK $\uparrow$ time | twLCL | WRL, WRH, CLK | - | tcrc/2-25 | - | ns |  |



## MB90242A Series

## (7) Ready Input Timing

$\left(\mathrm{V} \mathrm{Cc}=5.0 \mathrm{~V} \pm 10 \%, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{ss}}=0.0 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=-30^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$ to $\left.+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$

| Parameter | Symbol | Pin name | Condition | Value |  | Unit | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Min. | Max. |  |  |
| RDY setup time | tryHs | RDY | At 32 MHz oscillation | 15 | 60 | ns |  |
| RDY hold time | try\% | RDY |  | 0 | 60 | ns |  |

Note: If the setup time of RDY on a falling edge is insufficient, use the auto ready function.

(8) Hold Timing
$\left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{cc}}=5.0 \mathrm{~V} \pm 10 \%, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{ss}}=0.0 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=-30^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$ to $\left.+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$

| Parameter | Symbol | Pin name | Condition | Value |  | Unit | Remarks |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | Min. |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pin floating $\rightarrow \overline{\text { HAK } \downarrow \text { time }}$ | txHAL | $\overline{\text { HAK }}$ | - | 30 | tcyc | ns |  |
| HAK $\uparrow$ time $\rightarrow$ Pin valid time | thatv | HAK | - | tcyc | 2 torc | ns |  |

Note: At least one cycle is required from the time when HRQ is fetched until HAK changes.


## MB90242A Series

(9) UART Timing

| Parameter | Symbol | Pin name | Condition | Value |  | Unit | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Min. | Max. |  |  |
| Serial clock cycle time | tscyc | - | - | 8 tcyc | - | ns | For internal shift clock mode output pin,$\mathrm{CL}=80 \mathrm{pF}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { SCK } \downarrow \rightarrow \text { SOD delay } \\ & \text { time } \end{aligned}$ | tsov | - | - | -80 | 80 | ns |  |
| Valid SID $\rightarrow$ SCK $\uparrow$ | tivs | - | - | 100 | - | ns |  |
| SCK $\uparrow \rightarrow$ Valid SID hold time | tshix | - | - | 60 | - | ns |  |
| Serial clock "H" pulse width | tshsL | - | - | 4 toyc | - | ns | For external shift clock mode output pin,$\mathrm{CL}_{\mathrm{L}}=80 \mathrm{pF}$ |
| Serial clock "L" pulse width | tsısh | - | - | 4 tcyc | - | ns |  |
| SCK $\downarrow \rightarrow$ SOD delay time | tstov | - | - | - | 150 | ns |  |
| Valid SID $\rightarrow$ SCK $\uparrow$ | tivsH | - | - | 60 | - | ns |  |
| SCK $\uparrow \rightarrow$ Valid SID hold time | tshix | - | - | 60 | - | ns |  |

Notes: • These are the AC characteristics for CLK synchronous mode.

- $\mathrm{C}_{\llcorner }$is the load capacitance added to pins during testing.
- torc is the machine cycle time (unit: ns).


## - Internal Shift Clock Mode



- External Shift Clock Mode



## MB90242A Series

(10) Simple Serial Timing

| $\left(\mathrm{Vcc}=5.0 \mathrm{~V} \pm 10 \%, \mathrm{Vss}=0.0 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=-30^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$ to $\left.+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

Notes: $\bullet \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}$ is the load capacitance added to pins during testing.

- torc is the machine cycle time (unit: ns).

(11) Timer Input Timing

| Parameter | Symbol | Pin name | Condition | Value |  | Unit | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Min. | Max. |  |  |
| Input pulse width | ttiwn ttiwn | ASR0 to ASR3, TIN0 to TIN2 | - | 4 tovc | - | ns |  |


(12) Timer Ouput Timing

| $\left(\mathrm{Vcc}=5.0 \mathrm{~V} \pm 10 \%, \mathrm{Vss}=0.0 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=-30^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$ to $\left.+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Parameter | Symbol | Pin name | Condition | Value |  | Unit | Remarks |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | Min. |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


(13) Trigger Input Timing

| $\left(\mathrm{Vcc}=5.0 \mathrm{~V} \pm 10 \%, \mathrm{Vss}=0.0 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=-30^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$ to $\left.+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Parameter | Symbol | Pin name | Condition | Value |  | Unit | Remarks |
|  |  |  |  | Min. | Max. |  |  |
| Input pulse width | ttrgh ttrgl | $\overline{\text { ATG, }}$ INT0 to INT3 | - | 5 toyc | - | ns |  |



## MB90242A Series

## 5. A/D Converter Electrical Characteristics

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Parameter | Symbol | Pin name | Value |  |  | Unit | Remarks |
|  |  |  | Min. | Typ. | Max. |  |  |
| Resolution | - | - | - | 8,10 | 10 | bit |  |
| Total error | - | - | - | - | $\pm 3.0$ | LSB |  |
| Linearity error | - | - | - | - | $\pm 2.0$ | LSB |  |
| Differential linearity error | - | - | - | - | $\pm 1.9$ | LSB |  |
| Zero transition voltage | Vot | AN0 to AN3 AN6, AN7 | AVRL-1.0 | AVRL + 1.0 | AVRL + 3.0 | LSB |  |
| Full-scale transition voltage | Vfst | AN0 to AN3 AN6, AN7 | AVRH - 4.0 | AVRH-1.0 | AVRH + 1.0 | LSB |  |
| Conversion time | - | - | 1.25 | - | - | $\mu \mathrm{s}$ | Specified by the ADCT register settings. ${ }^{*}$$V_{c c}=5.0 \mathrm{~V} \pm 10 \%$ |
| Sampling period | - | - | 560 | - | - | ns |  |
| Conversion period a | - | - | 125 | - | - | ns |  |
| Conversion period b | - | - | 125 | - | - | ns |  |
| Conversion period c | - | - | 250 | - | - | ns |  |
| Analog port input current | IAIN | AN0 to AN3 AN6, AN7 | - | 0.1 | 3 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |  |
| Analog input voltage | - | AN0 to AN3 AN6, AN7 | AVRL | - | AVRH | V |  |
| Reference voltage | - | AVRH | AVRL + 2.7 | - | AVcc | V | AVRH - AVRL $\geq 2.7$ |
|  | - | AVRL | 0 | - | AVRH-2.7 | V |  |
| Power supply current | IA | AV cc | - | 15 | 20 | mA |  |
|  | las* ${ }^{\text {2 }}$ |  | - | - | 5 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ | $\mathrm{AV} \mathrm{cc}=5.5 \mathrm{~V}$ in stop mode |
| Reference voltage supply current | IR | AVRH | - | 1.5 | 2 | mA |  |
|  | Ins*2 |  | - | - | 5 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ | $\mathrm{AV}_{\mathrm{cc}}=5.5 \mathrm{~V}$ in stop mode |
| Interchannel disparity | - | AN0 to AN3 AN6, AN7 | - | - | 4 | LSB |  |

*1: When $\mathrm{Fc}=32 \mathrm{MHz}$, and the machine cycle is 62.5 ns .
*2: IAs and lis are current when the A/D converter is not operating and the CPU is stopped.
Notes: • The smaller | AVRH - AVRL |, the greater the error would become relatively.

- If the output impedance of the external circuit of an analog input is too high, an analog voltage sampling time might be insufficient. When the sampling period close to the minimum value is used, the output impedance of the external circuit should be less than approximately $300 \Omega$.
- Analog Input Circuit Model Diagram


Note: Use the values shown as guides only.

## MB90242A Series

## 6. A/D Converter Glossary

- Resolution

Analog changes that are identifiable with the A/D converter.
If the resolution is 10 bits, the analog voltage can be resolved into $2^{10}$.

- Total error

The difference between theoretical and actual conversion values caused by the zero transition error, full-scale transition error, non-linearity error, differential linearity error, and noise.

- Linearity error

The deviation of the straight line connecting the zero transition point ("00 0000 0000" $\leftrightarrow$ "00 00000001 ") with the full-scale transition point ("11 11111110" $\leftrightarrow$ "11 11111111") from actual conversion characteristics.

- Differential linearity error

The deviation of input voltage needed to change the output by 1 LSB from the theoretical value.


## MB90242A Series

## INSTRUCTION SET (412 INSTRUCTIONS)

Table 1 Explanation of Items in Table of Instructions

| Item | Explanation |
| :---: | :---: |
| Mnemonic | Upper-case letters and symbols: Represented as they appear in assembler Lower-case letters: Replaced when described in assembler. Numbers after lower-case letters: Indicate the bit width within the instruction. |
| \# | Indicates the number of bytes. |
| $\sim$ | Indicates the number of cycles. <br> See Table 4 for details about meanings of letters in items. |
| B | Indicates the correction value for calculating the number of actual cycles during execution of instruction. <br> The number of actual cycles during execution of instruction is summed with the value in the "cycles" column. |
| Operation | Indicates operation of instruction. |
| LH | Indicates special operations involving the bits 15 through 08 of the accumulator. <br> Z: Transfers " 0 ". <br> X : Extends before transferring. <br> —: Transfers nothing. |
| AH | Indicates special operations involving the high-order 16 bits in the accumulator. <br> *: Transfers from AL to AH. <br> -: No transfer. <br> Z: Transfers 00 H to AH . <br> X: Transfers 00 H or FF н to AH by extending AL. |
| 1 | Indicates the status of each of the following flags: I (interrupt enable), S (stack), T (sticky bit), N (negative), Z (zero), V (overflow), and C (carry). <br> *: Changes due to execution of instruction. <br> -: No change. <br> S: Set by execution of instruction. <br> $R$ : Reset by execution of instruction. |
| S |  |
| T |  |
| N |  |
| Z |  |
| V |  |
| C |  |
| RMW | Indicates whether the instruction is a read-modify-write instruction (a single instruction that reads data from memory, etc., processes the data, and then writes the result to memory.). <br> *: Instruction is a read-modify-write instruction <br> -: Instruction is not a read-modify-write instruction <br> Note: Cannot be used for addresses that have different meanings depending on whether they are read or written. |

Table 2 Explanation of Symbols in Table of Instructions

| Symbol | $\quad$ Explanation |
| :---: | :--- |
| A | 32-bit accumulator <br> The number of bits used varies according to the instruction. <br> Byte: Low order 8 bits of AL <br> Word: 16 bits of AL <br> Long: 32 bits of AL, AH |
| AH | High-order 16 bits of A |
| AL | Low-order 16 bits of A |
| SP | Stack pointer (USP or SSP) |
| PC | Program counter |
| SPCU | Stack pointer upper limit register |
| SPCL | Stack pointer lower limit register |
| PCB | Program bank register |
| DTB | Data bank register |
| ADB | Additional data bank register |
| SSB | System stack bank register |
| USB | User stack bank register |
| SPB | Current stack bank register (SSB or USB) |
| DPR | Direct page register |
| brg1 | DTB, ADB, SSB, USB, DPR, PCB, SPB |
| brg2 | DTB, ADB, SSB, USB, DPR, SPB |
| Ri | R0, R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R6, R7 |
| RWi | RW0, RW1, RW2, RW3, RW4, RW5, RW6, RW7 |
| RWj | RW0, RW1, RW2, RW3 |
| RLi | RL0, RL1, RL2, RL3 |
| dir <br> addr16 <br> addr24 <br> addr24 0 to 15 <br> addr24 16 to 23 | Compact direct addressing <br> Direct addressing <br> Physical direct addressing <br> Bits 0 to 15 of addr24 <br> Bits 16 to 23 of addr24 |
| I/O area (000000н to 0000FFH) |  |

(Continued)
(Continued)

| Symbol |  |
| :---: | :--- |
| \#imm4 | 4-bit immediate data |
| \#mm8 | 8-bit immediate data |
| \#imm16 | 16-bit immediate data |
| \#imm32 | 32-bit immediate data |
| ext (imm8) | 16-bit data signed and extended from 8-bit immediate data |
| disp8 | 8-bit displacement |
| disp16 | 16-bit displacement |
| bp | Bit offset value |
| vct4 | Vector number (0 to 15) |
| vct8 | Vector number (0 to 255) |
| ( )b | Bit address |
| rel | Branch specification relative to PC |
| ear | Effective addressing (codes 00 to 07) |
| eam | Effective addressing (codes 08 to 1F) |
| rlst | Register list |

## MB90242A Series

Table 3 Effective Address Fields

| Code | Notation | Address format | Number of bytes in address extemsion* |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & 00 \\ & 01 \\ & 02 \\ & 03 \\ & 04 \\ & 05 \\ & 06 \\ & 07 \end{aligned}$ | R0 RW0 RL0 <br> R1 RW1 (RLL) <br> R2 RW2 RL1 <br> R3 RW3 (RL1) <br> R4 RW4 RL2 <br> R5 RW5 (RL2) <br> R6 RW6 RL3 <br> R7 RW7 (RL3) | Register direct "ea" corresponds to byte, word, and long-word types, starting from the left | - |
| $\begin{aligned} & 08 \\ & 09 \\ & 0 \mathrm{~A} \\ & 0 \mathrm{~B} \end{aligned}$ |  | Register indirect | 0 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 0 C \\ & 0 D \\ & 0 E \\ & 0 \mathrm{OF} \end{aligned}$ | @RW0 + @RW1 + @RW2 + @RW3 + | Register indirect with post-increment | 0 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 10 \\ & 11 \\ & 12 \\ & 13 \\ & 14 \\ & 15 \\ & 16 \\ & 17 \end{aligned}$ | @RW0 + disp8 @RW1 + disp8 @RW2 + disp8 @RW3 + disp8 @RW4 + disp8 @RW5 + disp8 @RW6 + disp8 @RW7 + disp8 | Register indirect with 8-bit displacement | 1 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 18 \\ & 19 \\ & 1 \mathrm{~A} \\ & 1 \mathrm{~B} \end{aligned}$ | @RW0 + disp16 <br> @RW1 + disp16 <br> @RW2 + disp16 <br> @RW3 + disp16 | Register indirect with 16-bit displacemen | 2 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1 \mathrm{C} \\ & 1 \mathrm{D} \\ & 1 \mathrm{E} \\ & 10 \end{aligned}$ | @RW0 + RW7 @RW1 + RW7 @PC + dip16 addr16 | Register indirect with index Register indirect with index PC indirect with 16 -bit displacement Direct address | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 2 \\ & 2 \\ & 2 \end{aligned}$ |

* :The number of bytes for address extension is indicated by the " + " symbol in the "\#" (number of bytes) column in the Table of Instructions.

Table 4 Number of Execution Cycles for Each Form of Addressing

| Code | Operand | (a)* |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Number of execution cycles for each from of addressing |
| 00 to 07 | Ri RWi <br> RLi | Listed in Table of Instructions |
| 08 to 0B | @RWj | 1 |
| 0 C to 0F | @RWj + | 4 |
| 10 to 17 | @RWi + disp8 | 1 |
| 18 to 1B | @RWj + disp16 | 1 |
| 1 C 1 D 1 E 1 F | $\begin{aligned} & \text { @RW0 + RW7 } \\ & \text { @RW1 + RW7 } \\ & \text { @PC + dip16 } \\ & \text { @addr16 } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2 \\ & 2 \\ & 2 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ |

* : "(a)" is used in the "cycles" (number of cycles) column and column B (correction value) in the Table of Instructions.

Table 5 Correction Values for Number of Cycles Used to Calculate Number of Actual Cycles

| Operand | (b)* |  | (c)* |  | (d)* |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | byte |  | word |  | long |  |
| Internal register | + | 0 | + | 0 | + | 0 |
| Internal RAM even address | + | 0 | + | 0 | + | 0 |
| Internal RAM odd address | + | 0 | + | 1 | + | 2 |
| Even address not in internal RAM | + | 1 | + | 1 | + | 2 |
| Odd address not in internal RAM | + | 1 | + | 3 | + | 6 |
| External data bus (8 bits) | + | 1 | + | 3 | + | 6 |

*: "(b)", "(c)", and "(d)" are used in the "cycles" (number of cycles) column and column B (correction value) in the Table of Instructions.

Table 6 Transfer Instructions (Byte) [50 Instructions]

|  | Mnemonic | \# | cycles | B | Operation | LH | AH | I | S | T | N | Z | V | C | RMW |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MOV | A, dir | 2 | 2 | (b) | byte $(\mathrm{A}) \leftarrow$ (dir) | Z |  | - | - | - | * | * | - | - | - |
| MOV | A, addr16 | 3 | 2 | (b) | byte $($ A $) \leftarrow$ (addr16) | Z | * | - | - | - | * | * | - | - | - |
| MOV | A, Ri | 1 | 1 | 0 | byte $(A) \leftarrow($ Ri) | Z |  | - | - | - | * | * | - | - | - |
| MOV | A, ear | 2 | 1 | 0 | byte $(A) \leftarrow$ (ear) | Z |  | - | - | - | * | * | - | - | - |
| MOV | A, eam | 2+ | $2+(a)$ | (b) | byte $(A) \leftarrow$ (eam) | Z | * | - | - | - | * | * | - | - | - |
| MOV | A, io | 2 | 2 | (b) | byte $(\mathrm{A}) \leftarrow$ (io) | Z |  | - | - | - | * | * | - | - | - |
| MOV | A, \#imm8 | 2 | 2 | 0 | byte $(\mathrm{A}) \leftarrow$ imm8 | Z |  | - | - | - | * | * | - | - | - |
| MOV | A, @A | 2 | 2 | (b) | byte $(A) \leftarrow((A))$ | Z | - | - | - | - | * | * | - | - | - |
| MOV | A, @RLi+disp8 | 3 | 6 | (b) | byte $(A) \leftarrow(($ RLi) $)+$ disp8) | Z | * | - | - | - | * |  | - | - | - |
| MOV | A, @SP+disp8 | 3 | 3 | (b) | byte $(A) \leftarrow((S P)+$ disp8) | Z |  | - | - | - | * | * | - | - | - |
| MOVP | A, addr24 | 5 | 3 | (b) | byte $(A) \leftarrow$ (addr24) | Z | * | - | - | - | * | * | - | - | - |
| MOVP | A, @A | 2 | 2 | (b) | byte $(A) \leftarrow((A))$ | Z | - | - | - | - | * |  | - | - | - |
| MOVN | A, \#imm4 | 1 | 1 | 0 | byte $(A) \leftarrow$ imm4 | Z | * | - | - | - | R | * | - | - | - |
| MOVX | A, dir | 2 | 2 | (b) | byte $(A) \leftarrow$ (dir) | X |  | - | - | - | * | * | - | - | - |
| MOVX | A, addr16 | 3 | 2 | (b) | byte $(A) \leftarrow$ (addr16) | X | * | - | - | - | * | * | - | - | - |
| MOVX | A, Ri | 2 | 1 | 0 | byte $(A) \leftarrow(R i)$ | X | * | - | - | - | * | * | - | - | - |
| MOVX | A, ear | 2 | 1 | 0 | byte $(A) \leftarrow$ (ear) | X |  | - | - | - | * |  | - | - | - |
| MOVX | A, eam | 2+ | $2+(a)$ | (b) | byte $(A) \leftarrow$ (eam) | X | * | - | - | - | * | * | - | - | - |
| MOVX | A, io | 2 | 2 | (b) | byte $(A) \leftarrow$ (io) | X | * | - | - | - | * | * | - | - | - |
| MOVX | A, \#imm8 | 2 | 2 | 0 | byte $(A) \leftarrow$ imm8 | X | * | - | - | - | * | * | - | - | - |
| MOVX | A, @A | 2 | 2 | (b) | byte $(A) \leftarrow((A))$ | X | - | - | - | - | * |  | - | - | - |
| MOVX | A,@RWi+disp8 | 2 | 3 | (b) | byte (A) $\leftarrow(($ RWi) $)+$ disp8) | X | * | - | - | - | * | * | - | - | - |
| MOVX | A, @RLi+disp8 | 3 | 6 | (b) | byte $(\mathrm{A}) \leftarrow((\mathrm{RLi}))+$ disp8) | X | * | - | - | - | * |  | - | - | - |
| MOVX | A, @SP+disp8 | 3 | 3 | (b) | byte $(A) \leftarrow(($ SP $)+$ disp8) | X | * | - | - | - | * | * | - | - | - |
| MOVPX | A A, addr24 | 5 | 3 | (b) | byte $($ A $) \leftarrow$ (addr24) | X | * | - | - | - | * | * | - | - | - |
| MOVPX | A, @A | 2 | 2 | (b) | byte $(A) \leftarrow((A))$ | X | - | - | - | - | * | * | - | - | - |
| MOV | dir, A | 2 | 2 | (b) | byte ( dir) $\leftarrow(\mathrm{A})$ | - | - | - | - | - | * | * | - | - | - |
| MOV | addr16, A | 3 | 2 | (b) | byte (addr16) $\leftarrow(\mathrm{A})$ | - | - | - | - | - | * |  | - | - | - |
| MOV | Ri, A | 1 | 1 | 0 | byte $($ Ri) $\leftarrow(A)$ | - | - | - | - | - | * | * | - | - | - |
| MOV | ear, A | 2 | 2 | 0 | byte (ear) $\leftarrow(A)$ | - | - | - | - | - | * |  | - | - | - |
| MOV | eam, A | 2+ | $2+$ (a) | (b) | byte (eam) $\leftarrow(A)$ | - | - | - | - | - | * |  | - | - | - |
| MOV | io, A | 2 | 2 | (b) | byte (io) $\leftarrow(A)$ | - | - | - | - | - | * |  | - | - | - |
| MOV | @RLi+disp8, A | 3 | 6 | (b) | byte ((RLi)) +disp8) $\leftarrow(\mathrm{A})$ | - | - | - | - | - | * | * | - | - |  |
| MOV | @SP+disp8, A | 3 | 3 | (b) | byte ((SP)+disp8) $\leftarrow(\mathrm{A})$ | - | - | - | - | - | * | * | - | - | - |
| MOVP | addr24, A | 5 | 3 | (b) | byte (addr24) $\leftarrow(\mathrm{A})$ | - | - | - | - | - | * | * | - | - | - |
| MOV | Ri, ear | 2 | 2 | 0 | byte (Ri) $\leftarrow$ (ear) | - | - | - | - | - | * | * | - | - | - |
| MOV | Ri, eam | 2+ | $3+(a)$ | (b) | byte $($ Ri) $\leftarrow($ eam $)$ | - | - | - | - | - | * | * | - | - | - |
| MOVP | @A, Ri | 2 | 3 | (b) | byte $((\mathrm{A})) \leftarrow(\mathrm{Ri})$ | - | - | - | - | - | * | * | - | - | - |
| MOV | ear, Ri | 2 | 3 | 0 | byte (ear) $\leftarrow$ (Ri) | - | - | - | - | - | * | * | - | - | - |
| MOV | eam, Ri | 2+ | $3+(a)$ | (b) | byte (eam) $\leftarrow(\mathrm{Ri})$ | - | - | - | - | - | * | * | - | - | - |
| MOV | Ri, \#imm8 | 2 | 2 | 0 | byte $(\mathrm{Ri}) \leftarrow$ imm8 | - | - | - | - | - | * | * | - | - | - |
| MOV | io, \#imm8 | 3 | 3 | (b) | byte (io) $\leftarrow$ imm8 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| MOV | dir, \#imm8 | 3 | 3 | (b) | byte (dir) $\leftarrow$ imm8 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| MOV | ear, \#imm8 | 3 | 2 | 0 | byte (ear) $\leftarrow$ imm8 | - | - | - | - | - | * | * | - | - | - |
| MOV | eam, \#imm8 | 3+ | $2+(a)$ | (b) | byte (eam) $\leftarrow$ imm8 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| MOV | @AL, AH | 2 | 2 | (b) | byte $((\mathrm{A})) \leftarrow(\mathrm{AH})$ | - | - | - | - | - | * | * | - | - | - |

## MB90242A Series

(Continued)

|  | Mnemonic | \# | cycles | B | Operation | LH | AH | 1 | S | T | N | Z | V | C | RMW |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| XCH | A, ear | 2 | 3 | 0 | byte (A) $\leftrightarrow$ (ear) | Z | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| XCH | A, eam | 2+ | $3+$ (a) | $2 \times$ (b) | byte (A) $\leftrightarrow$ (eam) | Z | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| XCH | Ri, ear |  | + | 0 | byte (Ri) $\leftrightarrow$ (ear) | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| XCH | Ri, eam | 2+ | 5+ (a) | $2 \times$ (b) | byte (Ri) $\leftrightarrow$ (eam) | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |

For an explanation of "(a)" and "(b)", refer to Table 4, "Number of Execution Cycles for Each Form of Addressing," and Table 5, "Correction Values for Number of Cycles Used to Calculate Number of Actual Cycles."

## MB90242A Series

Table 7 Transfer Instructions (Word) [40 Instructions]

| Mnemonic | \# | cycles | B | Operation | LH | A | H | I | S | T | N | Z | V | C | RMW |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MOVW A, di | 2 | 2 | (c) | word (A) $\leftarrow$ (dir) | - |  |  | - | - | - |  |  |  | - |  |
| MOVW A, addr | 3 | 2 | (c) | word $($ A $) \leftarrow$ (addr16) | - |  |  | - | - | - |  |  | - | - |  |
| MOVW A, SP | 1 | 2 | ) | word (A) $\leftarrow(\mathrm{SP})$ | - |  |  | - | - | - |  |  | - | - |  |
| MOVW A, RWi | 1 | 1 | 0 | word (A) $\leftarrow($ RWi) | - |  |  | - | - | - |  |  | - | - | - |
| MOVW A, ear | 2 | 1 | 0 | word $(A) \leftarrow(e a r)$ | - |  |  | - | - | - |  |  | - | - | - |
| MOVW A, eam | $2+$ | 2+ (a) | (c) | word (A) $\leftarrow($ eam $)$ | - |  |  | - | - | - |  |  | - | - |  |
| MOVW A, io |  | , | (c) | word (A) $\leftarrow$ (io) | - |  |  | - | - | - |  |  | - | - |  |
| MOVW A, @A | 2 | 2 | (c) | word $(A) \leftarrow((A))$ | - |  |  | - | - | - |  |  | - | - |  |
| MOVW A, \#imm16 | 3 | 2 | 0 | word $(A) \leftarrow$ imm16 | - |  |  | - | - | - |  |  | - | - | - |
| MOVW A, @RWi+disp8 | 2 | 3 | (c) | word $(A) \leftarrow(($ RWi $)+$ disp8) | - |  |  | - | - | - |  |  | - | - | - |
| MOVW A, @RLi+disp8 | 3 | 6 | (c) | word $(A) \leftarrow((R L i)+$ disp8) | - |  |  | - | - | - |  |  | - | - | - |
| MOVW A, @SP+disp8 | 3 | 3 | (c) | word (A) $\leftarrow((\mathrm{SP})+$ +disp8 | - |  |  | - | - | - |  |  | - | - | - |
| MOVPW A, addr24 | 5 | 3 | (c) | word (A) $\leftarrow($ addr24) | - |  |  | - | - | - |  |  |  | - |  |
| MOVPW A, @A | 2 | 2 | (c) | word $(A) \leftarrow((A))$ | - |  |  | - | - | - |  |  |  |  | - |
| MOVW dir, A | 2 | 2 | (c) | word ( dir) $\leftarrow(A)$ | - |  |  | - |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |
| MOVW addr16, A | 3 | 2 | (c) | word (addr16) $\leftarrow(A)$ | - |  |  | - |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |
| MOVW SP, \# imm | 4 | 2 | 0 | word (SP) $\leftarrow$ imm16 | - |  |  | - | - | - |  |  |  |  |  |
| MOVW SP, A | 1 | 2 | 0 | word (SP) $\leftarrow(\mathrm{A})$ | - |  |  | - | - | - |  |  |  |  |  |
| MOVW RWi, A | 1 | 1 | 0 | word (RWi) $\leftarrow(\mathrm{A})$ | - |  |  | - | - | - |  |  |  | - |  |
| MOVW ear, A | $2+$ | $2+$ (a) | (c) | word (ear) $\leftarrow(A)$ |  |  |  | - | - | - |  |  |  |  |  |
| MOVW | 2 | (a) | (c) | word (io) $\leftarrow(A)$ | - |  |  | - | - | - |  |  |  | - |  |
| MOVW @RWi+dis | 2 | 3 | (c) | word $(($ RWi $)+$ disp8 $) \leftarrow(\mathrm{A})$ | - |  |  | - | - | - |  |  | - | - |  |
| MOVW @RLi+disp8, A | 3 | 6 | (c) | word $((\mathrm{RLi})+$ disp8) $\leftarrow(\mathrm{A})$ | - |  |  | - | - | - |  |  | - | - |  |
| MOVW @SP+disp8, A | 3 | 3 | (c) | word ((SP) + disp8) $\leftarrow(\mathrm{A})$ | - |  |  | - | - | - |  |  | - | - |  |
| MOVPW addr24, A | 5 | 3 | (c) | word (addr24) $\leftarrow(\mathrm{A})$ | - |  |  | - | - | - |  |  |  | - |  |
| MOVPW @A, RWi | 2 | 3 | (c) | word ( $(\mathrm{A}) \mathrm{)} \leftarrow(\mathrm{RWW})$ | - |  |  | - | - | - |  |  |  | - |  |
| MOVW RWi, ear | 2 | 2 | 0 | word ( RWW$) \leftarrow$ (ear) | - |  |  | - | - | - |  |  |  | - |  |
| MOVW RWi, eam | $2+$ | $3+$ (a) | (c) | word $(\mathrm{RWWi}) \leftarrow(\mathrm{eam})$ | - |  |  | - | - | - |  |  |  | - |  |
| MOVW ear, RWi | 2 | 3 | (c) | word (ear) $\leftarrow(\mathrm{RWi})$ |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |
| MOVW eam, RWi | $2+$ | $3+$ (a) | (c) | word (eam) $\leftarrow$ (RWi) |  |  |  |  | - | - |  |  |  |  |  |
| MOVW RWi, \#imm16 | 3 | 2 | 0 | word (RWi) $\leftarrow$ imm16 |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |
| MOVW io, \#imm16 | 4 | 3 | (c) | word (io) $\leftarrow$ imm16 |  |  |  |  |  | - |  | - |  |  |  |
| MOVW ear, \#imm16 | $4+$ |  |  | word (ear) $\leftarrow$ imm16 | - |  |  | - |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |
| MOVW eam, \#imm16 | 4+ | 2+ (a) | (c) | word $($ eam $) \leftarrow$ imm16 | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| MOVW @AL, AH | 2 | 2 | (c) | rd $((A)) \leftarrow(A H)$ | - |  |  | - | - | - |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2 | 3 | 0 | word (A) $\leftrightarrow$ (ear) | - |  | - | - | - | - |  | - |  |  |  |
| XCHW A, eam | $2+$ | $3+$ (a) | $2 \times$ (c) | word (A) $\leftrightarrow$ (eam) | - |  |  | - | - | - |  | - | - | - | - |
| XCHW RWi, ear | 2 | 4 | 0 | word (RWi) $\leftrightarrow$ (ear) | - |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| XCHW RWi, eam | 2+ | 5+ (a) | $2 \times$ (c) | word (RWi) $\leftrightarrow$ (eam) | - |  |  | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | - |

Note: For an explanation of "(a)" and "(c)", refer to Table 4, "Number of Execution Cycles for Each Form of Addressing," and Table 5, "Correction Values for Number of Cycles Used to Calculate Number of Actual Cycles."

Table 8 Transfer Instructions (Long Word) [11 Instructions]

| Mnemonic | \# | cycles | B | Operation | LH | AH | I | S | T | N | Z | V | C | RMW |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MOVL A, ear | 2 | 1 | 0 | long (A) $\leftarrow$ | - | - | - | - | - |  |  | - | - |  |
| MOVL A, eam | 2+ | $3+(\mathrm{a})$ | (d) | long $(\mathrm{A}) \leftarrow($ eam $)$ | - | - | - | - | - | * | * | - | - | - |
| MOVL A, \# imm32 | 5 | , | 0 | long $(A) \leftarrow$ imm32 | - | - | - | - | - | * | * | - | - | - |
| MOVL A, @SP + disp8 | 3 | 4 | (d) | long $(\mathrm{A}) \leftarrow($ (SP) + disp8) | - | - | - | - | - | * | * | - | - | - |
| MOVPL A, addr24 | 5 | 4 | (d) | long $($ A $) \leftarrow$ ( addr24) | - | - | - | - | - | * | * | - | - | - |
| MOVPL A, @A | 2 | 3 | (d) | long $(A) \leftarrow((A))$ | - | - | - | - | - | * |  | - | - | - |
| MOVPL @A, RLi | 2 | 5 | (d) | long $((A)) \leftarrow(\mathrm{RLi})$ | - | - | - | - | - | * | * | - | - | - |
| MOVL @SP + disp8, A | 3 | 4 | (d) | long ((SP) + disp8) $\leftarrow(\mathrm{A})$ | - | - | - | - | - | * | * | - | - | - |
| MOVPL addr24, A | 5 | 4 | (d) | long (addr24) $\leftarrow$ ( A$)$ | - | - | - | - | - | * | * | - | - | - |
| MOVL ear, A | 2 | 2 | 0 | long (ear) $\leftarrow(\mathrm{A})$ | - | - | - | - | - | * | * | - | - | - |
| MOVL eam, A | 2+ | $3+(\mathrm{a})$ | (d) | long (eam) $\leftarrow(\mathrm{A})$ | - | - | - | - | - | * | * | - | - | - |

For an explanation of "(a)" and "(d)", refer to Table 4, "Number of Execution Cycles for Each Form of Addressing," and Table 5, "Correction Values for Number of Cycles Used to Calculate Number of Actual Cycles."

## MB90242A Series

Table 9 Addition and Subtraction Instructions (Byte/Word/Long Word) [42 Instructions]

| Mnemonic | \# | cycles | B | Operation | LH | AH | 1 | S | T | N | Z | V | C | RMW |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ADD A, \#imm8 | 2 | 2 | 0 | byte $(\mathrm{A}) \leftarrow(\mathrm{A})+$ +imm8 | Z | - | - | - | - |  |  |  |  | - |
| ADD A, dir | 2 | 3 | (b) | byte $(A) \leftarrow(A)+$ (dir) | Z | - | - | - | - | * | * |  | * | - |
| ADD A, ear | 2 | 2 | 0 | byte $(\mathrm{A}) \leftarrow(\mathrm{A})+$ (ear) | Z | - | - | - | - |  | * |  | * | - |
| ADD A, eam | 2+ | $3+$ (a) | (b) | byte $(A) \leftarrow(A)+($ eam $)$ | Z | - | - | - | - | * | * |  |  | - |
| ADD ear, A |  | (2) | 0 | byte (ear) $\leftarrow($ ear $)+(\mathrm{A})$ | - | - | - | - | - | * | * |  | * |  |
| ADD eam, A | $2+$ | $3+$ (a) | $2 \times$ (b) | byte (eam) $\leftarrow($ eam $)+($ A $)$ | Z | - | - | - | - | * |  |  | * |  |
| ADDC A | 1 |  | - | byte $(\mathrm{A}) \leftarrow(\mathrm{AH})+(\mathrm{AL})+(\mathrm{C})$ | Z | - | - | - | - |  | * | * | * |  |
| ADDC A, ear | 2 | 2 | 0 | byte $(A) \leftarrow(A)+($ ear $)+(\mathrm{C})$ | Z | - |  | - | - |  |  |  | * | - |
| ADDC A, eam | $2+$ | $3+$ (a) | (b) | byte $(A) \leftarrow(A)+($ eam $)+(C)$ | Z | - |  | - | - |  |  |  | * | - |
| ADDDC A | 1 | 3 | 0 | byte $(\mathrm{A}) \leftarrow(\mathrm{AH})+(\mathrm{AL})+(\mathrm{C})($ Decimal $)$ | Z | - | - | - | - |  |  |  |  |  |
| UB A, \#imm8 | 2 | 2 | 0 | byte $(A) \leftarrow(A)$-imm8 | Z | - | - | - | - |  |  |  | * | - |
| SUB A, dir | 2 | 3 | (b) | byte $(A) \leftarrow(A)-$ (dir) | Z | - |  | - | - |  |  |  | * |  |
| SUB A, ear | 2 | 2 | 0 | byte $(A) \leftarrow(A)-$ (ear) | Z | - |  | - | - |  |  |  |  |  |
| SUB A, eam | $2+$ | $3+$ (a) | (b) | byte $(A) \leftarrow(A)-(e a m)$ | Z | - |  | - | - |  |  |  | * |  |
| SUB ear, A | 2 | 2 | 0 | byte (ear) $\leftarrow($ ear ) - (A) |  | - |  | - | - |  |  | * |  |  |
| SUB eam, A | $2+$ | $3+$ (a) | $2 \times$ (b) | byte (eam) $\leftarrow($ eam $)-(\mathrm{A})$ | - | - |  | - | - |  |  |  | * |  |
| SUBC A | 1 | 2 | 0 | byte $(A) \leftarrow(A H)-(A L)-(C)$ | Z | - |  | - | - |  |  | * | * | - |
| SUBC A, ea |  | 2 | (b) | byte $(A) \leftarrow(A)-($ ear $)-(C)$ | Z | - |  | - | - |  | * | * | * |  |
| SUBC A, eam | $2+$ | $3+$ (a) | (b) | byte $(\mathrm{A}) \leftarrow(\mathrm{A})-$ (eam) - (C) | Z | - | - | - | - | * | * | * | * |  |
| SUBDC A | 1 | 3 | 0 | byte $(\mathrm{A}) \leftarrow(\mathrm{AH})-(\mathrm{AL})-(\mathrm{C})$ (Decimal) | Z | - | - | - | - |  | * |  | * |  |
| ADDW | 1 | 2 | 0 | word $(A) \leftarrow(A H)+(A L)$ | - | - | - | - | - |  |  |  |  | - |
| ADDW A, ear |  | (a) | (c) | word $(A) \leftarrow(A)+($ ear $)$ | - | - |  | - | - |  |  |  |  |  |
| ADDW A, eam | $2+$ | $3+$ (a) | (c) | word $(A) \leftarrow(A)+($ eam $)$ | - | - |  | - | - |  |  |  |  |  |
| ADDW A, \#imm16 | 3 | 2 | 0 | word $(A) \leftarrow(A)+i m m 16$ | - | - |  | - | - |  |  |  |  |  |
| ADDW ear, A |  | (a) | 0 | word (ear) $\leftarrow($ ear $)+(\mathrm{A})$ | - | - |  | - | - | * |  |  |  |  |
| ADDW eam, A | $2+$ | $3+$ (a) | $2 \times$ (c) | word (eam) $\leftarrow($ eam $)+(A)$ |  | - |  | - | - | * |  |  |  |  |
| ADDCW A, ear |  | 2 | 0 | word $(\mathrm{A}) \leftarrow(\mathrm{A})+(\mathrm{ear})+(\mathrm{C})$ |  | - |  |  | - |  |  | * |  |  |
| ADDCW A, eam | 2+ | $3+$ (a) | (c) | word $(A) \leftarrow(A)+($ eam $)+(C)$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| SUBW A | 1 | 2 | 0 | word $(A) \leftarrow(A H)-(A L)$ |  | - |  | - | - |  |  |  |  |  |
| SUBW A, ear | 2 | 2 | 0 | word $(\mathrm{A}) \leftarrow(\mathrm{A})-(\mathrm{ear})$ | - | - | - | - | - |  | * | * | * | - |
| SUBW A, eam | 2+ | $3+$ (a) | (c) | word $(A) \leftarrow(A)-($ eam $)$ | - | - |  | - | - |  | * | * | * | - |
| SUBW A, \#imm16 | 3 | 2 | 0 | word $(A) \leftarrow(A)$-imm16 | - | - |  | - | - |  |  |  | * | - |
| SUBW ear, A | 2 | 2 | 0 | word (ear) $\leftarrow$ (ear) - (A) |  | - |  | - | - |  |  |  | * |  |
| SUBW eam, A | $2+$ | $3+$ (a) | $2 \times$ (c) | word (eam) $\leftarrow$ (eam) - (A) | - | - | - | - | - | * |  | * | * |  |
| SUBCW A, ear |  | 2 | 0 | word $(\mathrm{A}) \leftarrow(\mathrm{A})-($ ear $)-(\mathrm{C})$ | - | - | - | - | - | * |  | * |  |  |
| SUBCW A, eam | 2+ | $3+$ (a) | (c) | word $(A) \leftarrow(A)-($ eam $)-(C)$ | - | - | - | - | - |  |  |  |  |  |
| ADDL A, ea | 2 | 5 |  |  |  |  |  | - |  | * |  |  |  |  |
| ADDL A, eam | $2+$ | 6+ (a) | (d) | long $(A) \leftarrow(A)+($ eam $)$ |  | - |  | - | - |  |  |  | * |  |
| ADDL A, \#imm32 | 5 | 4 | 0 | long $(A) \leftarrow(A)+i m m 32$ |  | - | - | - | - |  |  |  |  |  |
| SUBL A, ear | 2 | 5 | 0 | long $(A) \leftarrow(A)-$ (ear) | - | - |  | - | - |  | * | * | * | - |
| SUBL A, eam | 2+ | $6+$ (a) | (d) | long $(A) \leftarrow(A)-($ eam $)$ | - | - | - | - | - | * | * | * | * | - |
| SUBL A, \#imm32 | 5 | 4 | 0 | long $(A) \leftarrow(A)$-imm32 | - | - | - | - | - | * | * | * | * | - |

For an explanation of "(a)", "(b)", "(c)" and "(d)", refer to Table 4, "Number of Execution Cycles for Each Form of Addressing," and Table 5, "Correction Values for Number of Cycles Used to Calculate Number of Actual Cycles."

Table 10 Increment and Decrement Instructions (Byte/Word/Long Word) [12 Instructions]


For an explanation of "(a)", "(b)", "(c)" and "(d)", refer to Table 4, "Number of Execution Cycles for Each Form of Addressing," and Table 5, "Correction Values for Number of Cycles Used to Calculate Number of Actual Cycles."

Table 11 Compare Instructions (Byte/Word/Long Word) [11 Instructions]

| Mnemonic | \# | cycles | B | Operation | LH | AH | 1 | S | T | N | Z | V |  | RMW |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CMP A | 1 | 2 | 0 | byte (AH) - (AL) | - | - | - | - | - | * |  |  |  | - |
| CMP A, ear | 2 | 2 | 0 | byte (A) - (ear) | - | - | - | - | - | * | * | * |  | - |
| CMP A, eam | 2+ | $2+$ (a) | (b) | byte (A) - (eam) | - | - | - | - | - | * | * | * |  | - |
| CMP A, \#imm8 | 2 | 2 | 0 | byte (A) - imm8 | - | - | - | - | - | * | * | * |  | - |
| CMPW A |  | 2 | 0 | word (AH) - (AL) | - | - | - | - | - |  |  |  |  |  |
| CMPW A, ear | 2 | 2 | 0 | word (A) - (ear) | - |  | - | - | - |  | * | * |  |  |
| CMPW A, eam | $2+$ | 2+ (a) | (c) | word (A) - (eam) | - | - | - | - | - | * | * | * |  | - |
| CMPW A, \#imm16 | 3 | 2 | 0 | word (A) - imm16 | - | - | - | - | - | * |  | * |  |  |
| CMPL A, ear | 2 | 3 | 0 | long (A) - (ear) | - | - | - | - | - | * | * | * |  | - |
| CMPL A, eam | $2+$ | 4+ (a) | (d) | long (A) - (eam) | - |  | - | - | - | * | * | * |  | - |
| CMPL A, \#imm32 | 5 | 3 | 0 | long (A) - imm32 | - | - | - | - | - | * | * | * |  | - |

For an explanation of "(a)", "(b)", "(c)" and "(d)", refer to Table 4, "Number of Execution Cycles for Each Form of Addressing," and Table 5, "Correction Values for Number of Cycles Used to Calculate Number of Actual Cycles."

## MB90242A Series

Table 12 Unsigned Multiplication and Division Instructions (Word/Long Word) [11 Instructions]

| Mnemonic | \# | cycles | B | Operation | LH | AH | I | S | T | N | Z | V | C | RMW |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| DIVU A | 1 | ${ }^{*}$ | 0 | word (AH) /byte (AL) | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |  |  |
| DIVU A, ear | 2 | *2 | 0 | Quotient $\rightarrow$ byte (AL) Remainder $\rightarrow$ byte (AH) word (A)/byte (ear) | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | * | * | - |
|  |  |  |  | Quotient $\rightarrow$ byte (A) Remainder $\rightarrow$ byte (ear) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| DIVU A, eam | 2+ | *3 | * 6 | word (A)/byte (eam) | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | * | * | - |
|  |  |  |  | Quotient $\rightarrow$ byte (A) Remainder $\rightarrow$ byte (eam) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| DIVUW A, ear | 2 | *4 | 0 | long (A)/word (ear) <br> Quotient $\rightarrow$ word (A) Remainder $\rightarrow$ word (ear) | - | - | - |  | - | - | - |  | * | - |
| DIVUW A, eam | 2+ | *5 | *7 | long (A)/word (eam) Quotient $\rightarrow$ word (A) Remainder $\rightarrow$ word (eam) | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | * | * | - |
| MULU A | 1 | * 8 | 0 | byte (AH) $\times$ byte (AL) $\rightarrow$ word (A) | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | - |
| MULU A, ear | 2 | *9 | 0 | byte (A) $\times$ byte (ear) $\rightarrow$ word (A) | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| MULU A, eam | 2+ | *10 | (b) | byte (A) $\times$ byte (eam) $\rightarrow$ word (A) | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| MULUW A | 1 | *11 | 0 | word (AH) $\times$ word (AL) $\rightarrow$ long (A) | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| MULUW A, ear | 2 | *12 | 0 | word (A) $\times$ word (ear) $\rightarrow$ long (A) | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| MULUW A, eam | 2+ | *13 | (c) | word (A) $\times$ word (eam) $\rightarrow$ long (A) | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |

For an explanation of "(b)" and "(c), refer to Table 5, "Correction Values for Number of Cycle Used to Calculate Number of Actual Cycles."
*1: 3 when dividing into zero, 6 when an overflow occurs, and 14 normally.
*2: 3 when dividing into zero, 5 when an overflow occurs, and 13 normally.
*3: $5+$ (a) when dividing into zero, $7+$ (a) when an overflow occurs, and $17+$ (a) normally.
*4: 3 when dividing into zero, 5 when an overflow occurs, and 21 normally.
*5: $4+$ (a) when dividing into zero, $7+$ (a) when an overflow occurs, and $25+$ (a) normally.
*6: (b) when dividing into zero or when an overflow occurs, and $2 \times$ (b) normally.
*7: (c) when dividing into zero or when an overflow occurs, and $2 \times$ (c) normally.
*8: 3 when byte (AH) is zero, and 7 when byte (AH) is not 0 .
*9: 3 when byte (ear) is zero, and 7 when byte (ear) is not 0 .
*10:4 + (a) when byte (eam) is zero, and $8+(\mathrm{a})$ when byte (eam) is not 0 .
*11:3 when word $(A H)$ is zero, and 11 when word $(A H)$ is not 0 .
*12:3 when word (ear) is zero, and 11 when word (ear) is not 0.
*13:4 + (a) when word (eam) is zero, and $12+(\mathrm{a})$ when word (eam) is not 0 .

## MB90242A Series

Table 13 Signed Multiplication and Division Instructions (Word/Long Word) [11 Insturctions]

| Mnemonic | \# | cycles | B | Operation | LH | AH | I | S | T | N | Z | V | C | RMW |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| DIV A | 2 | *1 | 0 | word (AH) /byte (AL) | Z | - | - | - | - | - | - | * |  | - |
| DIV A, ear | 2 | *2 | 0 | Quotient $\rightarrow$ byte (AL) Remainder $\rightarrow$ byte (AH) word (A)/byte (ear) | Z | - | - | - | - | - | - | * |  | - |
|  |  |  |  | Quotient $\rightarrow$ byte (A) Remainder $\rightarrow$ byte (ear) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| DIV A, eam | 2+ | *3 | *6 | word (A)/byte (eam) | Z | - | - | - | - | - | - | * |  | - |
| DIVW A, ear | 2 | *4 | 0 | Quotient $\rightarrow$ byte (A) Remainder $\rightarrow$ byte (eam) long (A)/word (ear) | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | * |  | - |
|  |  |  |  | Quotient $\rightarrow$ word (A) Remainder $\rightarrow$ word (ear) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| DIVW A, eam | 2+ | *5 | *7 | long (A)/word (eam) <br> Quotient $\rightarrow$ word (A) Remainder $\rightarrow$ word (eam) | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | * | * | - |
| MUL A | 2 | *8 | 0 | byte (AH) $\times$ byte ( AL ) $\rightarrow$ word (A) | - |  | - | - | - |  | - |  |  |  |
| MUL A, ear | 2 | *9 | 0 | byte (A) $\times$ byte (ear) $\rightarrow$ word (A) | - |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| MUL A, eam | 2+ | *10 | (b) | byte (A) $\times$ byte (eam) $\rightarrow$ word (A) | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| MULW A | 2 | *11 | 0 | word (AH) $\times$ word (AL) $\rightarrow$ long (A) | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| MULW A, ear | 2 | *12 | 0 | word (A) $\times$ word (ear) $\rightarrow$ long (A) | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| MULW A, eam | 2+ | *13 | (b) | word (A) $\times$ word (eam) $\rightarrow$ long (A) | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |

For an explanation of "(b)" and "(c)", refer to Table 5, "Correction Values for Number of Cycles Used to Calculate Number of Actual Cycles."
*1: 3 when dividing into zero, 8 or 18 when an overflow occurs, and 18 normally.
*2: 3 when dividing into zero, 10 or 21 when an overflow occurs, and 22 normally.
*3: $4+$ (a) when dividing into zero, $11+$ (a) or $22+(\mathrm{a})$ when an overflow occurs, and $23+$ (a) normally.
*4: When the dividend is positive: 4 when dividing into zero, 10 or 29 when an overflow occurs, and 30 normally. When the dividend is negative: 4 when dividing into zero, 11 or 30 when an overflow occurs, and 31 normally.
*5: When the dividend is positive: $4+$ (a) when dividing into zero, $11+$ (a) or $30+(a)$ when an overflow occurs, and $31+$ (a) normally.
When the dividend is negative: $4+(\mathrm{a})$ when dividing into zero, $12+(\mathrm{a})$ or $31+(\mathrm{a})$ when an overflow occurs, and $32+$ (a) normally.
*6: (b) when dividing into zero or when an overflow occurs, and $2 \times$ (b) normally.
*7: (c) when dividing into zero or when an overflow occurs, and $2 \times$ (c) normally.
*8: 3 when byte (AH) is zero, 12 when the result is positive, and 13 when the result is negative.
*9: 3 when byte (ear) is zero, 12 when the result is positive, and 13 when the result is negative.
*10:4 + (a) when byte (eam) is zero, $13+(\mathrm{a})$ when the result is positive, and $14+(\mathrm{a})$ when the result is negative.
*11:3 when word (AH) is zero, 12 when the result is positive, and 13 when the result is negative.
*12:3 when word (ear) is zero, 16 when the result is positive, and 19 when the result is negative.
*13:4 + (a) when word (eam) is zero, $17+(a)$ when the result is positive, and $20+(a)$ when the result is negative.
Note: Which of the two values given for the number of execution cycles applies when an overflow error occurs in a DIV or DIVW instruction depends on whether the overflow was detected before or after the operation.

Table 14 Logical 1 Instructions (Byte, Word) [39 Instructions]

| Mnemonic |  | \# | cycles | B | Operation | LH | AH | I | S | T | N | Z | V | C | RMW |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| AND | A, \#imm8 | 2 | 2 | 0 | byte $(A) \leftarrow(A)$ and imm8 | - | - | - | - | - |  |  | R | - | - |
| AND | A, ear | 2 | 2 | 0 | byte $(A) \leftarrow(A)$ and (ear) | - | - | - | - | _ |  |  | R | - | - |
| AND | A, eam | 2+ | $3+$ (a) | (b) | byte $(A) \leftarrow(A)$ and (eam) | - | - | - | - | - |  |  | R | - | - |
| AND | ear, A | 2 | , | 0 | byte (ear) $\leftarrow$ (ear) and (A) | - | - | - | - | - |  |  | R | - |  |
| AND | eam, A | 2+ | $3+$ (a) | $2 \times$ (b) | byte (eam) $\leftarrow$ (eam) and (A) | - | - | - | - | - |  |  | R | - |  |
| O | A, \#imm8 | 2 | 2 | 0 | byte $($ A $) \leftarrow($ A $)$ or imm8 | - | - | - | - | - | * |  | R | - | - |
| O | A, ear | 2 | 2 | 0 | byte $(A) \leftarrow(A)$ or (ear) | - | - | - | - | - | * |  | R | - |  |
| OR | A, eam | $2+$ | $3+$ (a) | (b) | byte $(A) \leftarrow(A)$ or (eam) | - | - | - | - | - |  |  | R | - | - |
| OR | ear, A | + | 3 | 0 | byte (ear) $\leftarrow$ (ear) or (A) | - | - | - | - | - |  |  | R | - |  |
| OR | eam, A | 2+ | 3+ (a) | $2 \times$ (b) | byte (eam) $\leftarrow$ (eam) or (A) | - |  | - | - | - |  |  | R |  |  |
| XOR | A, \#imm8 | 2 | 2 | 0 | byte $(\mathrm{A}) \leftarrow(\mathrm{A})$ xor imm8 | - | - | - | - | - |  |  | R | - |  |
| XOR | A, ear | 2 | 2 | 0 | byte $(A) \leftarrow(A)$ xor (ear) | - | - | - | - | - | * |  | R | - |  |
| XOR | A, eam | 2+ | $3+$ (a) | (b) | byte $(A) \leftarrow(A)$ xor (eam) | - | - | - | - | - | * | * | R | - |  |
| XOR | ear, A | 2 | 3 | 0 | byte (ear) $\leftarrow$ (ear) $\operatorname{xor~}(A)$ | - | - | - | - | - | * |  | R | - |  |
| XOR | eam, A | $2+$ | $3+$ (a) | $2 \times$ (b) | byte (eam) $\leftarrow($ eam ) xor $(A)$ | - | - | - | - | - | * |  | R | - |  |
| NOT | A | 1 | 2 | (b) | byte (A) $\leftarrow \operatorname{not}(\mathrm{A})$ | - | - | - | - | - | * |  | R | - |  |
| NOT | ear | 2 | 2 | 0 | byte (ear) $\leftarrow$ not (ear) | - | - | - | - | - | * |  | R | - |  |
| NOT | eam | 2+ | $3+$ (a) | $2 \times$ (b) | byte (eam) $\leftarrow$ not (eam) | - | - | - | - | - |  |  | R | - |  |
| ANDW |  | 1 | 2 | 0 | word $(\mathrm{A}) \leftarrow(\mathrm{AH})$ and $(\mathrm{A})$ | - | - | - | - | - |  |  |  |  |  |
| ANDW | A, \#imm16 | 3 | 2 | 0 | word $(A) \leftarrow(A)$ and imm16 | - | - | - | - | - |  |  | R | - |  |
| ANDW | A, ear | 2 | 2 | 0 | word $(A) \leftarrow(A)$ and (ear) | - | - | - | - | - | * |  | R | - | - |
| ANDW | A, eam | 2+ | $3+$ (a) | (c) | word $(A) \leftarrow(A)$ and (eam) | - | - | - | - | - | * |  | R | - | - |
| ANDW | ear, A | 2 | 3 | 0 | word (ear) $\leftarrow$ (ear) and (A) | - | - | - | - | - | * | * | R | - |  |
| ANDW | eam, A | 2+ | $3+$ (a) | $2 \times$ (c) | word (eam) $\leftarrow$ (eam) and $(\mathrm{A})$ | - | - | - | - | - | * |  | R | - |  |
| ORW | A | 1 | 2 | 0 | word $(A) \leftarrow(A H)$ or $(A)$ | - | - | - | - | - | * |  | R | - | - |
| ORW | A, \#imm16 | 3 | 2 | 0 | word $(A) \leftarrow(A)$ or imm16 | - | - | - | - | - | * |  | R | - | - |
| ORW | A, ear | 2 | 2 | 0 | word $(A) \leftarrow(A)$ or (ear) | - | - | - | - | - | * |  | R | - | - |
| ORW | A, eam | $2+$ | $3+$ (a) | (c) | word $(A) \leftarrow(A)$ or (eam) | - | - | - | - | - | * |  | R | - | - |
| ORW | ear, A | 2 | 3 | 0 | word (ear) $\leftarrow$ (ear) or (A) | - | - | - | - | - | * |  | R | - |  |
| ORW | eam, A | 2+ | $3+$ (a) | $2 \times$ (c) | word (eam) $\leftarrow$ (eam) or (A) | - |  | - |  | - |  |  | R | - |  |
| XORW |  | 1 | 2 | 0 | word $(\mathrm{A}) \leftarrow(\mathrm{AH}) \mathrm{xor}(\mathrm{A})$ | - | - | - | - | - |  |  | R | - |  |
| XORW | A, \#imm16 | 3 | 2 | 0 | word $(A) \leftarrow(A)$ xor imm16 | - | - | - | - | - | * |  | R | - | - |
| XORW | A, ear | 2 | 2 | 0 | word (A) $\leftarrow$ (A) xor (ear) | - | - | - | - | - | * |  | R | - | - |
| XORW | A, eam | $2+$ | $3+$ (a) | (c) | word $(A) \leftarrow(A)$ xor (eam) | - | - | - | - | - | * |  | R | - | - |
| XORW | ear, A | 2 | 3 | 0 | word (ear) $\leftarrow$ (ear) xor (A) | - | - | - | - | - | * |  | R |  |  |
| XORW | eam, A | $2+$ | 3+ (a) | $2 \times$ (c) | word (eam) $\leftarrow$ (eam) xor $(A)$ | - | - | - | - | - | * |  | R | - |  |
| NOTW |  | 1 | 2 | 0 | word (A) $\leftarrow \operatorname{not}(\mathrm{A})$ | - | - | - | - | - | * | * | R | - | $\overline{+}$ |
| NOTW | ear | 2 | 2 | 0 | word (ear) $\leftarrow$ not (ear) | - | - | - | - | - | * | * | R | - |  |
| NOTW | eam | 2+ | $3+$ (a) | $2 \times$ (c) | word (eam) $\leftarrow$ not (eam) | - | - | - | - | - |  |  | R |  |  |

For an explanation of "(a)", "(b)", "(c)" and "(d)", refer to Table 4, "Number of Execution Cycles for Each Form of Addressing," and Table 5, "Correction Values for Number of Cycles Used to Calculate Number of Actual Cycles."

## MB90242A Series

Table 15 Logical 2 Instructions (Long Word) [6 Instructions]


For an explanation of "(a)" and "(d)", refer to Table 4, "Number of Execution Cycles for Each Form of Addressing," and Table 5, "Correction Values for Number of Cycles Used to Calculate Number of Actual Cycles."

Table 16 Sign Inversion Instructions (Byte/Word) [6 Instructions]

| Mnemonic |  | \# | cycles | B | Operation | LH | AH | 1 | S | T | N | Z | V | C | RMW |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| NEG | A | 1 | 2 | 0 | byte $(\mathrm{A}) \leftarrow 0-(\mathrm{A})$ | X | - | - | - | - | * | * | * | * | - |
| NEG NEG | ear <br> eam | $\begin{gathered} 2 \\ 2+ \end{gathered}$ | $\stackrel{2}{3+(a)}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0 \\ 2 \times(\mathrm{b}) \end{gathered}$ | byte (ear) $\leftarrow 0$ - (ear) <br> byte $($ eam $) \leftarrow 0-($ eam $)$ | - | - | - | - | - | * | * | * | * | * |
| NEGW |  | 1 | 2 | 0 | word $(\mathrm{A}) \leftarrow 0-(\mathrm{A})$ | - | - | - | - | - | * | * | * | * | - |
| NEGW NEGW |  | $\begin{gathered} 2 \\ 2+ \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2 \\ 3+(a) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0 \\ 2 \times(\mathrm{c}) \end{gathered}$ | word (ear) $\leftarrow 0$ - (ear) <br> word (eam) $\leftarrow 0$ - (eam) | - | - | - | - | - | * | * | * | * | * |

For an explanation of "(a)", "(b)" and "(c)" and refer to Table 4, "Number of Execution Cycles for Each Form of Addressing," and Table 5, "Correction Values for Number of Cycles Used to Calculate Number of Actual Cycles."

Table 17 Absolute Value Instructions (Byte/Word/Long Word) [3 Insturctions]

| Mnemonic | $\#$ | cycles | $\mathbf{B}$ | Operation | LH | AH | I | S | T | N | Z | V | C | RMW |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ABS | A | 2 | 2 | 0 | byte $($ A $) \leftarrow$ absolute value $(A)$ | Z | - | - | - | - | $*$ | $*$ | $*$ | - |
| ABSW A | 2 | 2 | 0 | word $(A) \leftarrow$ absolute value $(A)$ | - | - | - | - | - | $*$ | $*$ | $*$ | - | - |
| ABSL A | 2 | 4 | 0 | long $(A) \leftarrow$ absolute value $(A)$ | - | - | - | - | - | $*$ | $*$ | $*$ | - | - |

Table 18 Normalize Instructions (Long Word) [1 Instruction]

| Mnemonic | $\#$ | cycles | B | Operation | LH | AH | I | S | T | N | Z | V | C | RMW |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| NRML A, R0 | 2 | $*$ | 0 | long $(A) \leftarrow$ Shifts to the position at <br> which " 1 " was set first <br> byte $(R 0)$ <br> $\leftarrow$ current shift count | - | - | - | - | $*$ | - | - | - | - | - |

* $: 5$ when the contents of the accumulator are all zeroes, $5+(\mathrm{RO})$ in all other cases.

Table 19 Shift Instructions (Byte/Word/Long Word) [27 Instructions]

| Mnemonic | \# | cycles | B | Operation | LH | AH | I | S | T | N | Z | V | C | RMW |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RORC A | 2 | 2 | 0 | byte $(A) \leftarrow$ Right rotation with carry | - | - | - | - | - |  | * | - | * | - |
| ROLC A | 2 | 2 | 0 | byte $(A) \leftarrow$ Left rotation with carry | - | - | - | - | - | * | * | - | * | - |
| RORC ear | 2 | 2 | 0 | byte (ear) $\leftarrow$ Right rotation with carry | - | - | - | - | - | * | * | - | * | * |
| RORC eam | 2+ | $3+$ (a) | $2 \times$ (b) | byte (eam) $\leftarrow$ Right rotation with carry | - | - | - | - | - |  | * | - | * | * |
| ROLC ear | 2 | 2 | 0 | byte (ear) $\leftarrow$ Left rotation with carry | - | - | - | - | - | * | * | - | * | * |
| ROLC eam | 2+ | $3+(a)$ | $2 \times$ (b) | byte (eam) $\leftarrow$ Left rotation with carry | - | - | - | - | - | * | * | - | * | * |
| ASR A, R0 | 2 | *1 | 0 | byte $(A) \leftarrow$ Arithmetic right barrel shift (A, R0) | - | - | - | - | * | * | * | - | * | - |
| LSR A, R0 | 2 | ${ }^{*}$ | 0 | byte $(A) \leftarrow$ Logical right barrel shift (A, R0) | - | - | - | - | * | * | * | - | * | - |
| LSL A, R0 | 2 | ${ }^{*} 1$ | 0 | byte $(A) \leftarrow$ Logical left barrel shift (A, RO) | - | - | - | - | - | * | * | - | * | - |
| ASR A, \#imm8 | 3 | *3 | 0 | byte $(A) \leftarrow$ Arithmetic right barrel shitt $(A$, imm8) | - | - | - | - | * | * | * | - | * | - |
| LSR A, \#imm8 | 3 | *3 | 0 | byte $(A) \leftarrow$ Logical right barrel shift (A, imm8) | - | - | - | - | * | * | * | - | * | - |
| LSL A, \#imm8 | 3 | *3 | 0 | byte $(A) \leftarrow$ Logical left barrel shift (A, imm8) | - | - | - | - | - | * | * | - | * | - |
| ASRW A | 1 | 2 | 0 | word $(A) \leftarrow$ Arithmetic right shift (A, 1 bit) | - | - | - | - |  | * | * | - | * | - |
| LSRW A/SHRW A | 1 | 2 | 0 | word $(A) \leftarrow$ Logical right shift (A, 1 bit) | - | - | - | - |  | R | * | - | * | - |
| LSLW A/SHLW A | 1 | 2 | 0 | word $(A) \leftarrow$ Logical left shift (A, 1 bit) | - | - | - | - | - | * | * | - | * | - |
| ASRW A, R0 | 2 | *1 | 0 | word $(\mathrm{A}) \leftarrow$ Arithmetic right barrel shift (A, R0) | - | - | - | - | * | * | * | - | * | - |
| LSRW A, R0 | 2 | *1 | 0 | word $(A) \leftarrow$ Logical right barrel shift (A, RO) | - | - | - | - | * | * | * | - | * | - |
| LSLW A, R0 | 2 | *1 | 0 | word $(A) \leftarrow$ Logical left barrel shift (A, R0) | - | - | - | - | - | * | * | - | * | - |
| ASRW A, \#imm8 | 3 | *3 | 0 | word $(A) \leftarrow$ Arithmetic right barrel shift ( A , imm8) | - | - | - | - |  | * | * | - | * | - |
| LSRW A, \#imm8 | 3 | *3 | 0 | word $(A) \leftarrow$ Logical right barrel shift (A, imm8) | - | - | - | - | * | * | * | - | * | - |
| LSLW A, \#imm8 | 3 | *3 | 0 | word $(A) \leftarrow$ Logical left barrel shift (A, imm8) | - | - | - | - | - | * | * | - | * | - |
| ASRL A, R0 | 2 | *2 | 0 | long $(A) \leftarrow$ Arithmetic right shift (A, R0) | - | - | - | - | * | * | * | - | * | - |
| LSRL A, RO | 2 | *2 | 0 | long $(A) \leftarrow$ Logical right barrel shift (A, RO) | - | - | - | - | * | * | * | - | * | - |
| LSLL A, R0 | 2 | *2 | 0 | long $(A) \leftarrow$ Logical left barrel shift (A, RO) | - | - | - | - | - | * | * | - | * | - |
| ASRL A, \#imm8 | 3 | *4 | 0 | long $(A) \leftarrow$ Arithmetic right shift $(A$, imm8) | - | - | - | - | * | * | * | - | * | - |
| LSRL A, \#imm8 | 3 | *4 | 0 | long $(A) \leftarrow$ Logical right barrel shift (A, imm8) | - | - | - | - | * | * | * | - | * | - |
| LSLL A, \#imm8 | 3 | *4 | 0 | long (A) $\leftarrow$ Logical left barrel shift (A, imm8) | - | - | - | - | - | * | * | - | * | - |

For an explanation of "(a)" and "(b)", refer to Table 4, "Number of Execution Cycles for Each Form of Addressing," and Table 5, "Correction Values for Number of Cycles Used to Calculate Number of Actual Cycles."
*1: 3 when R 0 is $0,3+(\mathrm{R} 0)$ in all other cases.
*2: 3 when $R 0$ is $0,4+(R 0)$ in all other cases.
*3: 3 when imm8 is $0,3+$ (imm8) in all other cases.
*4: 3 when imm8 is $0,4+$ (imm8) in all other cases.

Table 20 Branch 1 Instructions [31 Instructions]

| Mnemonic | \# | cycles | B | Operation | LH | A |  | 1 | S | T | N | Z | V | C | RMW |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BZ/BEQ | 2 | *1 | 0 | Branch when ( $Z$ ) = 1 | - |  |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| BNZ/BNE rel | 2 | *1 | 0 | Branch when ( $Z$ ) $=0$ | - | - |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| BC/BLO rel | 2 | *1 | 0 | Branch when (C) = 1 | - | - |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| BNC/BHS rel | 2 | *1 | 0 | Branch when ( C ) $=0$ | - | - |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| BN rel | 2 | *1 | 0 | Branch when ( N ) $=1$ | - | - |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| BP rel | 2 | *1 | 0 | Branch when ( N ) $=0$ | - | - |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| BV rel | 2 | *1 | 0 | Branch when (V) $=1$ | - | - |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| BNV rel | 2 | *1 | 0 | Branch when (V) $=0$ | - | - |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| BT rel | 2 | *1 | 0 | Branch when ( $T$ ) $=1$ | - | - |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| BNT rel | 2 | *1 | 0 | Branch when ( T ) $=0$ | - | - |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| BLT | 2 | *1 | 0 | Branch when (V) xor ( N$)=1$ | - | - |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| BGE re | 2 | *1 | 0 | Branch when (V) xor ( N ) $=0$ | - | - |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| BLE re | 2 | *1 | 0 | ( (V) xor (N) ) or (Z) = 1 |  | - |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| BGT rel | 2 | *1 | 0 | $(\mathrm{V}) \times \mathrm{xor}(\mathrm{N})$ ) or $(\mathrm{Z})=0$ |  | - |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| BLS rel | 2 | *1 | 0 | Branch when (C) or (Z) = 1 |  | - |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| BHI rel | 2 | *1 | 0 | Branch when (C) or (Z) $=0$ |  | - |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| BRA rel | 2 | *1 | 0 | Branch unconditionally | - | - |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| JMP @A | 1 | 2 | 0 | word (PC) $\leftarrow(\mathrm{A})$ | - | - |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| JMP addr16 | 3 | 2 | 0 | word (PC) $\leftarrow$ addr16 | - | - |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| JMP @ear | 2 | 3 | 0 | word (PC) $\leftarrow$ (ear) | - | - |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| JMP @eam | 2+ | $4+$ (a) | (c) | word $(\mathrm{PC}) \leftarrow(\mathrm{eam})$ | - | - |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| JMPP @ear*3 | 2 | 3 | 0 | word $(\mathrm{PC}) \leftarrow($ ear), $(\mathrm{PCB}) \leftarrow($ ear +2) | - | - |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| JMPP @eam*3 | 2+ | 4+ (a) | (d) | word $(\mathrm{PC}) \leftarrow($ eam $),(\mathrm{PCB}) \leftarrow($ eam +2$)$ | - | - |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| JMPP addr24 | 4 | 3 | 0 | word (PC) $\leftarrow$ ad24 0 to 15 $(\mathrm{PCB}) \leftarrow \operatorname{ad} 2416$ to 23 | - | - |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CALL @ear*4 | 2 | 4 | (c) | word (PC) $\leftarrow$ (ear) | - | - |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CALL @eam *4 | $2+$ | $5+$ (a) | $2 \times$ (c) | word (PC) $\leftarrow$ (eam) | - | - |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CALL addr16*5 | 3 | 5 | (c) | word $(\mathrm{PC}) \leftarrow$ addr 16 | - | - |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CALLV \#vct4*5 | 1 | 5 | $2 \times$ (c) | Vector call linstruction | - | - |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CALLP @ear *6 | 2 | 7 | 2× (c) | word $(\mathrm{PC}) \leftarrow$ (ear) 0 to 15, $(\mathrm{PCB}) \leftarrow(\mathrm{ear}) 16$ to 23 | - | - |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CALLP @eam* | 2+ |  | *2 | word $(\mathrm{PC}) \leftarrow($ eam $) 0$ to 15 , $(\mathrm{PCB}) \leftarrow$ (eam) 16 to 23 | - | - |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CALLP addr24 *7 | 4 | 7 | 2× (c) | word $(\mathrm{PC}) \leftarrow \operatorname{addr} 0$ to 15 , $(\mathrm{PCB}) \leftarrow$ addr 16 to 23 | - | - |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |

For an explanation of "(a)", "(c)" and "(d)", refer to Table 4, "Number of Execution Cycles for Each Form of Addressing," and Table 5, "Correction Values for Number of Cycles Used to Calculate Number of Actual Cycles."
*1: 3 when branching, 2 when not branching.
*2: $3 \times(\mathrm{c})+(\mathrm{b})$
*3: Read (word) branch address.
*4: W: Save (word) to stack; R: Read (word) branch address.
*5: Save (word) to stack.
*6: W: Save (long word) to W stack; R: Read (long word) branch address.
*7: Save (long word) to stack.

## MB90242A Series

Table 21 Branch 2 Instructions [20 Instructions]


For an explanation of "(b)", "(c)" and "(d)", refer to Table 5, "Correction Values for Number of Cycles Used to Calculate Number of Actual Cycles."
*1: 4 when branching, 3 when not branching
*2: 5 when branching, 4 when not branching
*3: $5+$ (a) when branching, $4+$ (a) when not branching
*4: $6+$ (a) when branching, $5+$ (a) when not branching
*5: $3 \times(\mathrm{b})+2 \times$ (c) when an interrupt request is generated, $6 \times$ (c) when returning from the interrupt.
*6: High-speed interrupt return instruction. When an interrupt request is detected during this instruction, the instruction branches to the interrupt vector without performing stack operations when the interrupt is generated.
*7: Return from stack (word)
*8: Return from stack (long word)

## MB90242A Series

Table 22 Other Control Instructions (Byte/Word/Long Word) [36 Instructions]

| Mnemonic | \# | cycles | B | Operation | LH | AH | 1 | S | T | N | Z | V | C | RMW |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PUSHW A | 1 | 3 | (c) | word (SP) $\leftarrow(\mathrm{SP})-2,((S P)) \leftarrow(\mathrm{A})$ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| PUSHW AH | 1 | 3 | (c) | word (SP) $\leftarrow(S P)-2,((S P)) \leftarrow(A H)$ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| PUSHW PS | 1 | 3 | (c) | word $(\mathrm{SP}) \leftarrow(\mathrm{SP})-2,((\mathrm{SP})) \leftarrow(\mathrm{PS})$ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| PUSHW rlst | 2 | *3 | *4 | $(\mathrm{SP}) \leftarrow(\mathrm{SP})-2 \mathrm{n},((\mathrm{SP})) \leftarrow(\mathrm{rlst})$ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| POPW A | 1 | 3 | (c) | word $(\mathrm{A}) \leftarrow(($ SP) ) , $(\mathrm{SP}) \leftarrow(\mathrm{SP})+2$ | - | * | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| POPW AH | 1 | 3 | (c) | word $(\mathrm{AH}) \leftarrow((\mathrm{SP})$ ), (SP) $\leftarrow(S P)+2$ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| POPW PS | 1 | 3 | (c) | word $(\mathrm{PS}) \leftarrow((\mathrm{SP}))$, $(\mathrm{SP}) \leftarrow(\mathrm{SP})+2$ | - | - | * | * | * | * | * | * | * | - |
| POPW rlst | 2 | *2 | *4 | $(\mathrm{rlst}) \leftarrow((\mathrm{SP})),(\mathrm{SP}) \leftarrow(\mathrm{SP})$ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| JCTX @A | 1 | 9 | 6× (c) | Context switch instruction | - | - | * | * | * | * | * | * | * | - |
| AND CCR,\#imm8 | 2 | 3 | 0 | byte $(\mathrm{CCR}) \leftarrow(\mathrm{CCR})$ and imm8 | - | - |  | * | * |  | * | * |  | - |
| OR CCR, \#imm8 | 2 | 3 | 0 | byte $(C C R) \leftarrow(C C R)$ or imm8 | - | - |  | * | * | * | * | * | * | - |
| MOV RP, \#imm8 | 2 | 2 | 0 | byte (RP) $\leftarrow$ imm8 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | - |
| MOV ILM, \#mm8 | 2 | 2 | 0 | byte (ILM) ↔imm8 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| MOVEA RWi, ear | 2 | 3 | 0 | word (RWi) $\leftarrow$ ear | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | - |
| MOVEA RWi, eam | $2+$ | $2+$ (a) | 0 | word (RWi) $\longleftarrow$ eam | - |  |  |  | - | - | - | - |  | - |
| MOVEA A, ear | 2 | 2 | 0 | word $(\mathrm{A}) \leftarrow$ ¢ear | - |  | - |  | - | - | - | - |  | - |
| MOVEA A, eam | 2+ | 1+(a) | 0 | word (A) $\leftarrow$ eam | - |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| ADDSP \#imm8 | 2 | 3 | 0 | word (SP) $\leftarrow$ ext (imm8) | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | - |
| ADDSP \#imm16 | 3 | 3 | 0 | word (SP) $\leftarrow$ imm16 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| MOV A, brgl | 2 | *1 | 0 | byte $($ A $) \leftarrow$ (brgl) | Z |  | - | - | - | * | * | - | - | - |
| MOV brg2, A | 2 | 1 | 0 | byte (brg2) $\leftarrow$ (A) | - |  | - | - | - | * | * | - | - | - |
| MOV brg2, \#imm8 | 3 | 2 | 0 | byte (brg2) $\leftarrow$ - imm8 | - | - | - | - |  | * |  | - | - | - |
| NOP | 1 | 1 | 0 | No operation | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | - |
| ADB | 1 | 1 | 0 | Prefix code for AD space access | - |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| DTB | 1 | 1 | 0 | Prefix code for DT space access | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| PCB | 1 | 1 | 0 | Prefix code for PC space access | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| SPB | 1 | 1 | 0 | Prefix code for SP space access | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| NCC | 1 | 1 | 0 | Prefix code for no flag change | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CMR | 1 | 1 | 0 | Prefix code for the common register bank | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| MOVW SPCU, \#imm16 |  | 2 | 0 | word $($ SPCU $) \leftarrow($ imm16 $)$ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |  | - |
| MOVW SPCL, \#imm16 | 4 | 2 | 0 | word (SPCL) $\leftarrow$ (imm16) | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| SETSPC | 2 | 2 | 0 | Stack check ooperation enable | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CLRSPC | 2 | 2 | 0 | Stack check ooperation disable | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| BTSCN A | 2 | *5 | 0 | byte (A) ¢ position of "1" bit in word (A) | Z |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  | - |
| BTSCNS A | 2 | *6 | 0 | byte (A) $\leftarrow$ position of "1" ${ }^{\text {bit in w word ( }}$ ( $) \times 2$ | Z | - | - | - | - | - | * | - | - | - |
| BTSCND A | 2 | *7 | 0 | byte (A) $<$ position of " 1 " ${ }^{\text {bit in w word ( }}$ ( $) \times 4$ | Z | - | - | - | - | - | * | - | - | - |

For an explanation of "(a)" and "(c)", refer to Tables 4 and 5.
*1: PCB, ADB, SSB, USB, and SPB: 1 cycle
DTB: 2 cycles
DPR: 3 cycles
*2: $3+4 \times($ pop count)
*3: $3+4 \times$ (push count)
*4: Pop count $\times$ (c), or push count $\times$ (c)
*5: 3 when $A L$ is 0,5 when $A L$ is not 0 .
*6: 4 when $A L$ is 0,6 when $A L$ is not 0 .
*7: 5 when $A L$ is 0,7 when $A L$ is not 0 .

## MB90242A Series

Table 23 Bit Manipulation Instructions [21 Instructions]

| Mnemonic | \# | cycles | B | Operation | LH | AH | I |  | S | T | N | Z | V | C | RMW |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MOVB A, dir:bp | 3 | 3 | (b) | byte $(A) \leftarrow$ (dir:bp) b | Z |  |  |  | - | - |  |  | - | - | - |
| MOVB A, addr16:bp | 4 | 3 | (b) | byte $($ A $) \leftarrow$ (addr16: bp) b | Z | * | - |  | - | - | * | * | - | - | - |
| MOVB A, io:bp | 3 | 3 | (b) | byte $(A) \leftarrow$ (io:bp) b | Z |  | - |  | - | - | * |  | - | - | - |
| MOVB dir:bp, A | 3 | 4 | $2 \times$ (b) | bit (dir:bp) $\mathrm{b} \leftarrow(\mathrm{A})$ | - | - |  |  | - | - | * | * | - | - | * |
| MOVB addr16:bp, A | 4 | 4 | $2 \times$ (b) | bit (addr16:bp) $\mathrm{b} \leftarrow(\mathrm{A})$ | - | - | - |  | - | - | * | * | - | - |  |
| MOVB io:bp, A | 3 | 4 | $2 \times$ (b) | bit (io:bp) $\mathrm{b} \leftarrow(\mathrm{A})$ | - | - | - |  | - | - | * | * | - | - | * |
| SETB dir:bp | 3 | 4 | $2 \times$ (b) | bit (dir:bp) $\mathrm{b} \leftarrow 1$ | - | - | - |  | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| SETB addr16:bp |  | 4 | $2 \times$ (b) | bit (addr16:bp) $\mathrm{b} \leftarrow 1$ | - | - | - |  | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| SETB io:bp | 3 | 4 | $2 \times$ (b) | bit (io:bp) $\mathrm{b} \leftarrow 1$ | - | - | - |  | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| CLRB dir:bp | 3 | 4 | $2 \times$ (b) | bit (dir:bp) $\mathrm{b} \leftarrow 0$ | - | - | - |  | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| CLRB addr16:bp | 4 | 4 | $2 \times$ (b) | bit (addr16:bp) $\mathrm{b} \leftarrow 0$ | - | - | - |  | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| CLRB io:bp | 3 | 4 | $2 \times$ (b) | bit (io:bp) $\mathrm{b} \leftarrow 0$ | - | - | - |  | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| BBC dir:bp, rel | 4 | ${ }^{*}$ | (b) | Branch when (dir:bp) b $=0$ | - | - | - |  | - | - | - | * | - | - | - |
| BBC addr16:bp, rel |  | *1 | (b) | Branch when (addr16:bp) b=0 | - | - | - |  | - | - | - |  | - | - | - |
| BBC io:bp, rel | 4 | *1 | (b) | Branch when (io:bp) $\mathrm{b}=0$ | - | - | - |  | - | - | - |  | - | - | - |
| BBS dir:bp, rel | 4 | *1 | (b) | Branch when (dir:bp) $b=1$ | - | - |  |  | - | - | - |  | - | - | - |
| BBS addr16:bp, rel | 5 | *1 | (b) | Branch when (addr16:bp) b=1 | - | - |  |  | - | - | - |  | - | - | - |
| BBS io:bp, rel | 4 | ${ }^{*}$ | (b) | Branch when (io:bp) $\mathrm{b}=1$ | - | - | - |  | - | - | - |  | - | - | - |
| SBBS addr16:bp, rel | 5 | *2 | $2 \times$ (b) | Branch when (addr16:bp) $\mathrm{b}=1, \mathrm{bit}=1$ | - | - | - |  | - | - | - | * | - | - | * |
| WBTS io:bp | 3 | * 3 | * 4 | Wait until (io:bp) $\mathrm{b}=1$ | - | - | - |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| WBTC io:bp | 3 | *3 | *4 | Wait until (io:bp) $\mathrm{b}=0$ | - | - | - |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |

For an explanation of "(b)", refer to Table 5, "Correction Values for Number of Cycles Used to Calculate Number of Actual Cycles."
*1: 5 when branching, 4 when not branching
*2: 7 when condition is satisfied, 6 when not satisfied
*3: Undefined count
*4: Until condition is satisfied

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Table 24 Accumulator Manipulation Instructions (Byte/Word) [6 Instructions]

| Mnemonic | \# | cycles | B | Operation | LH | AH | I | S | T | N | Z | V | C | RMW |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SWAP | 1 | 3 | 0 | byte (A) 0 to $7 \leftarrow \rightarrow$ (A) 8 to 15 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| SWAPW | 1 | 2 | 0 | word (AH) $\leftarrow \rightarrow(\mathrm{AL})$ | - | * | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| EXT | 1 | 1 | 0 | Byte code extension | X | - | - | - | - | * | * | - | - | - |
| EXTW | 1 | 2 | 0 | Word code extension | - | X | - | - | - | * | * | - | - | - |
| ZEXT | 1 | 1 | 0 | Byte zero extension | Z | - | - | - | - | R | * | - | - | - |
| ZEXTW | 1 | 2 | 0 | Word zero extension | - | Z | - | - | - | R | * | - | - | - |

Table 25 String Instructions [10 Instructions]

| Mnemonic | \# | cycles | B | Operation | LH | AH | 1 | S | T | N | Z | V | C | RMW |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MOVS/MOVSI | 2 | *2 | *3 | Byte transfer @AH $+\leftarrow$ @ AL+, counter = RW0 |  |  |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |  |
| MOVSD | 2 | *2 | *3 | L-, counter = RW0 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| SCEQ/SCEQI | 2 | *1 | *4 | Byte retrieval @AH+-AL, counter = RW0 | - | - | - | - | - | * |  |  |  | - |
| SCE | 2 | *1 | *4 | Byte retrieval @AH-- AL, counter = RW0 | - | - | - | - |  | * |  |  |  |  |
| FILS/FILSI | 2 | $5 \mathrm{~m}+3$ | * | Byte filling @AH $+\leftarrow A L$, counter = RW0 | - | - | - | - | - | * | * | - | - | - |
|  |  | *2 | *6 |  | - | - | - | - |  | - | - | - |  | - |
| MOVSWD | 2 | *2 | *6 | $- \text {, counter = RW0 }$ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| SCWEQ/SCWEQ | 2 | *1 | *7 | Word retrieval @AH+ - AL, counter = RW0 | - | - | - | - | - | * | * | * |  | - |
| SCWEQD | 2 | *1 | *7 | Word retrieval @AH--AL, counter = RW0 | - | - |  | - | - | * |  | * |  |  |
| FILSW/FILSWI | 2 | $5 \mathrm{~m}+3$ | *8 | Word filling @AH $+\leftarrow$ AL, counter = RW0 | - | - | - | - | - | * | * | - | - | - |

m : RW0 value (counter value)
*1: 3 when RW0 is $0,2+6 \times($ RW0 $)$ for count out, and $6 \mathrm{n}+4$ when match occurs
*2: 4 when RW0 is $0,2+6 \times($ RWO $)$ in any other case
*3: (b) $\times($ RW0)
*4: (b) $\times n$
*5: (b) $\times($ RW0)
*6: (c) $\times(\mathrm{RW} 0)$
*7: (c) $\times \mathrm{n}$
*8: (c) $\times(\mathrm{RWO})$

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Table 26 Multiple Data Transfer Instructions [18 Instructions]

| Mnemonic | \# | cycles | B | Operation | LH | AH | 1 |  | S | T | N | Z | V | C | RN |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MOVM @A, @RLi, \#imm8 |  |  | *3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| OVM @A, eam, \#imm8 | $3+$ | *2 | *3 | Multiple data trasfer byte ((A)) $\leftarrow$ (eam) | - | - | - |  |  | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| MOVM addr16, @RLi, \#imm8 | 5 | ${ }^{*}$ | * 3 | Muttiple data trasfer byte (addr16) $\leftarrow($ (RLi)) | - | - | - |  |  | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| MOVM addr16, eam, \#imm8 | $5+$ | *2 | *3 | Multiple data trasfer byte (addr16) $\leftarrow$ (eam) | - | - | - |  |  | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| MOVMW @A, @RLi, \#imm | 3 | ${ }^{*}$ | *4 | Multiple data trasfer word ((A)) $\leftarrow(($ RLi) $)$ | - | - | - |  |  | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| MOVMW @A, eam, \#imm8 | 3+ | *2 | *4 | Multiple data trasfer word ( $(\mathrm{A})) \leftarrow$ (eam) |  | - |  |  |  | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| MOVMW addr16, @RLi, \#imm | 5 | *1 | *4 | Mutiple data trasfer word (addr16) $\leftarrow(($ RLi) $)$ | - | - |  |  |  | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| MOVMW addr16, eam, \#imm8 | 5+ | *2 | *4 | Muttiple data trasfer word (addr16) $\leftarrow$ (eam) | - | - |  |  |  | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| MOVM @RLi, @A, \#imm | 3 | *1 | *3 | Multiple data trasfer byte ((RLi)) $\leftarrow((\mathrm{A}))$ | - | - |  |  |  | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| MOVM eam, @A, \#imm8 | $3+$ | *2 | *3 | Multiple data trasfer byte (eam) $\leftarrow($ (A)) | - | - |  |  |  | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| MOVM @RLi, addr16, \#imm8 | 5 | *1 | *3 | Mutiple data transfer byte ((RLi)) $\leftarrow$ (addri6) |  | - |  |  |  | - | - |  | - | - |  |
| MOVM eam, addr16, \#imm8 | 5+ | *2 | *3 | Mutiple data transfer byte (eam) $\leftarrow$ (addr16) |  | - |  |  |  | - | - |  | - | - | - |
| MOVMW @RLi, @A, \#imm8 | 3 | * 1 | *4 | Multiple data trasfer word ((RLi)) $\leftarrow((\mathrm{A})$ ) | - | - |  |  |  | - | - |  | - | - |  |
| MOVMW eam, @A, \#imm | $3+$ | *2 | *4 | Multiple data trasfer word (eam) $\leftarrow($ (A)) |  | - |  |  |  | - | - |  | - | - | - |
| MOVMW @RLi, addr16, \#imm | 5 | ${ }^{*}$ | $\stackrel{*}{4}$ | Mutiple data transfer word ( (RLi)) $\leftarrow$ (addr16) |  | - |  |  |  | - | - |  | - | - | - |
| MOVMW eam, addr16, \#im | $5+$ | * | *4 | Mutiple data transfer word (eam) $\leftarrow$ (addr16) | - | - |  |  |  |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| MOVM bnk:addr16,*5 | 7 | ${ }_{1}$ | *3 |  | - | - | - |  |  | - | - |  | - |  | - |
| VMW bnk: addr16, *5 bnk: addr16, \#imm8 | 7 | *1 | *4 | Multiple data transfer word (bnk:addr16) $\leftarrow$ (bnk:addr16) |  | - | - |  |  | - | - | - | - | - |  |

*1: $5+\mathrm{imm} 8 \times 5,256$ times when imm8 is zero.
*2: $5+$ imm8 $\times 5+(\mathrm{a}), 256$ times when imm8 is zero.
*3: Number of transfers $\times(\mathrm{b}) \times 2$
*4: Number of transfers $\times$ (c) $\times 2$
*5: The bank register specified by "bnk" is the same as for the MOVS instruction.

■ ORDERING INFORMATION

| Part number | Package | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MB90242A | 80-pin Plastic LQFP <br> (FPT-80P-M05) |  |

## MB90242A Series

## PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

## 80-pin Plastic LQFP

(FPT-80P-M05)

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Dimensions in mm (inches)

## MB90242A Series

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[^0]:    *:The RAM has an extra 64-byte area reserved for multiply/accumulate operations.

[^1]:    *:FPT-80P-M05

[^2]:    *:FPT-80P-M05

